



An Address from the Gentry  
of Norfolk and Norwich to  
General Monck in 1660



DA  
670  
N6N67  
1913

NORWICH  
JARROLD & SONS, LTD.






Frances A. Self





AN ADDRESS FROM THE GENTRY OF NORFOLK  
AND NORWICH TO GENERAL MONCK IN 1660





Digitized by the Internet Archive  
in 2013

<http://archive.org/details/addressfromgentr00norf>







GEORGE MONCK, DUKE OF ALBEMARLE, K.G. 1608-1670.



# An Address from the Gentry of Norfolk and Norwich to General Monck in 1660

FACSIMILE OF A MANUSCRIPT IN  
THE NORWICH PUBLIC LIBRARY

WITH AN INTRODUCTION BY  
HAMON LE STRANGE, F.S.A.  
AND BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES BY  
WALTER RYE



NORWICH  
JARROLD & SONS, LTD.  
1913



DA  
670  
N6N67  
1913



948448



## PUBLISHERS' NOTE

This volume is published with the sanction of the Norwich Public Library Committee. We desire to express our gratitude to Mr. Hamon le Strange, F.S.A., and Mr. Walter Rye for their valuable contributions so willingly given ; without their help this volume would not have been published. We are indebted to Mr. Geo. A. Stephen, the City Librarian, for the list of books on the Civil War period, and for seeing the volume through the press. Our best thanks are due, and are hereby cordially tendered, to the following for kindly granting permission to reproduce portraits : the Norwich Corporation for the portraits of Sir Joseph Paine, knight 1663, Mayor 1660, and Bernard Church, Esq. 1654, Mayor 1651, M.P. 1656 ; the National Portrait Gallery for the portrait of General Monck, and to Messrs. Emery Walker, Ltd., for their photograph of it ; and Mr. Hamon le Strange, F.S.A., for the portrait of Sir Nicholas L'Estrange.

JARROLD & SONS, LTD.

*June, 1913.*







## CONTENTS

	PAGE
PUBLISHERS' NOTE           -       -       -       -       -       -       -	5
INTRODUCTION, BY HAMON LE STRANGE, F.S.A.       -       -       -	II
TRANSCRIPT OF SIGNATURES, BY WALTER RYE -       -       -	29
INDEX OF SIGNATURES, BY WALTER RYE       -       -       -	37
BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES, BY WALTER RYE       -       -       -	45
LIST OF BOOKS ON THE CIVIL WAR PERIOD IN NORWICH PUBLIC LIBRARY,	
COMPILED BY GEO. A. STEPHEN, F.L.A.       -       -       -	65





## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

MONCK, GEORGE, DUKE OF ALBEMARLE, K.G., 1608-1670	-	<i>Frontispiece</i>
ASTLEY, SIR JACOB	- - - - -	<i>facing page 47</i>
BRIGGS, AUGUSTINE, ESQ., MAYOR OF NORWICH, 1670; M.P.		
FOR NORWICH, 1678	- - - - -	„ 49
CHURCH, BARNARD, ESQ., 1654; MAYOR, 1651; M.P. 1656		„ 50
HARE, SIR RALPH, BART., OF STOW BARDOLPH, NORFOLK,		
M.P. FOR THE COUNTY AND FOR LYNN, OB. 1671	-	„ 53
L'ESTRANGE, SIR NICHOLAS, BART., 1632-1669	- -	„ 55
PAINE, SIR JOSEPH, KNIGHT, 1663; MAYOR, 1660	- -	„ 57
PETTUS, SIR THOMAS, BART., OF RACKHEATH, NORFOLK, HIGH		
SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY, 1632	- - -	„ 58
TOWNSHEND, THE RIGHT HON. VISCOUNT, LORD LIEUTENANT		
OF NORFOLK, 1660	- - - - -	„ 61
FACSIMILES OF ADDRESS	- - - - -	<i>End of volume</i>





# Address from the Gentry of Norfolk and Norwich to General Monck, 1660.

INTRODUCTION BY

HAMON LE STRANGE, F.S.A.

AMONG the Townshend Heirlooms which were dispersed by sale at Sotheby's on the 19th of December, 1911, was an original MS. Address (Lot 248), bearing the autograph signatures of about one thousand of the gentry of the County of Norfolk and of the City and County of Norwich. It had no date and no superscription whatever to show for whom it was intended, but was described in the auctioneer's catalogue as "apparently to Oliver Cromwell," and under this designation it was sold.

The Address itself is written on a small sheet of paper, carefully sewn on to the top of the eight larger sheets, of varying size, which contain the signatures (see *facsimile*). It is possible that there may have been further sheets which have not been preserved, since the pagination, as will be seen from the subjoined table, is peculiar.

1st Sheet, numbered 4 at top, and 4 at foot, contains  $4\frac{1}{2}$  cols. of signatures.

2nd	„	„	4	„	„	8	„	„	3	„	„
3rd	„	„	4	„	„	12	„	„	3	„	„
4th	„	„	3	„	„	15	„	„	2	„	„
5th	„	„	4	„	„	20	„	„	3	„	„
6th	„	„	4	„	„	24	„	„	2	„	„
7th	„	„	4	„	„	28	„	„	3	„	„
8th	„	„	4	„	„	32	„	„	$2\frac{1}{2}$	„	„

The importance of the document was recognised by Mr. Walter Rye, and, at his instigation, it was bought by the Corporation of Norwich, and is now deposited in the Public Library there.

As soon as it came to be critically examined, it was at once apparent, from internal evidence, that it could not be an Address to Cromwell: the recipient was congratulated on the fact that the late differences in the Army

had been composed without bloodshed, which, obviously, could not apply to the Protector, and the Address was signed by as many Royalists as Round-heads. These facts pointed to the period immediately preceding the Restoration as the date of the document, and as Roger L'Estrange, writing in June, 1660, mentions that, during Monck's march from Scotland in January of that year, he "was plyed with Addresses for a Free Parliament throughout his whole passage" ("Apology," p. 63), it appeared probable that the General was the intended recipient of the Address, which, through some accident, had never been presented to him. This surmise received unexpected confirmation from the discovery that this very document had already been published in an early volume of the "Transactions of the Norfolk Archæological Society" (vii., p. 309), as an Address to General Monck, from a Broad Sheet printed in 1660, "for John Place at Furnival's Inne Gate in Holborne." This Broad Sheet, then in the possession of Mr. Alfred W. Morant, F.S.A., was exhibited by him at the Annual Meeting of the Society, and another copy has recently been secured by the Public Library at Norwich. It is headed:

A  
LETTER  
AND  
DECLARATION

Of the Gentry of the County of *Norfolk* and the County of the  
City of *Norwich*, To his Excellency the Lord *Generall* Monck.

It then proceeds in exactly the same words as the MS. Address, except that, at the end, after "misrepresent us or our intentions," the words "to your Lordship" are added. Then follows the Declaration to Speaker Lenthall, which is alluded to, but not given in the MS. Address, so it is worth while to reprint it here.

THE DECLARATION.

We, the Gentry of the County of *Norfolk*, and the County and City of *Norwich*, Being deeply affected with the sense of our sad Distractions and Divisions, both in Church and State; And wearied with the Miseries of an unnaturall Civil War, The too frequent interruptions of Government, the Impositions of severall heavey Taxes, And the loud out-cryes of multitudes of undone and almost famished people, occasioned by a generall decay of Trade, which hath spread itself throughout the whole Nation,



and these Counties in particular ; And having met together and consulted what may best remedy and remove our and the Nation's present Grievances and Distractions ; Do humbly conceive, That the chief Expedient, will be, the Recalling of those Members that were secluded in 1648, and sate before the Force put upon the Parliament (We of this County of *Norfolk* being by such Seclusion deprived of any person to represent us in Parliament) and also by filling up the vacant places thereof ; And all to be admitted without any Oath or Engagement, previous to their Entrance ; Which being done, We shall be ready to acquiesce and submit in all things to the Judgment and Authority of Parliament ; Without which Authority, the People of *England* cannot be obliged to pay any Taxes.

Thomas Lord Richardson	Edmund Bacon	Philip Woodhouse
John Hobart	N. Le Strange	Ralph Heure
Horatio Townesend	Thomas Pettus	John Tracy
John Asteley	Wil. Doyley	Arthur Jenny
William Hewitt	Thomas Guybon	Augustin Sotherton
John Palgrave	John Windham	John Buxton
Thomas Berney	James De Grey	Francis Norris
Wil. Rant	Butts Bacon	Thomas Johnson
Adrian Parmenter	Thomas Rant	Thomas Le Gros
Edmund Burman	Chr. Jay	John Hovile
John Rawley	Joseph Payne	Richard Catelnye
Henry Watts	Rob. Bendish	Suck. Jay
John Maum	Richard Wenman	Rob. Suckling
John Andrewes	John Laurence	Samuel Smith
John Salter	Thomas Wisse	Rob. Holmes

With many hundreds more of the Knights, Gentry, Citizens and Freeholders.

---

A MS. copy of this Address to Speaker Lenthall existed among the Townshend papers at Rainham, but was not purchased with the other Address by the Corporation of Norwich. It is printed at length by the Historical Manuscripts Commission in their Calendar of the Townshend Papers (11th Report, Appen. iv., p. 24), but the compiler of that Calendar omitted, and does not allude in any way to, the MS. Address with the autograph signatures, which must have passed through his hands with the other papers.

The forty-five names which appear on the Broad Sheet of 1660 are not

printed in the order in which they stand in the MS. Address, but are, presumably, those which the printer thereof considered to be the most important among the signers. It is somewhat curious that five among them, viz. Andrewes, Burman, Holmes, Hovile, and Rawley, all Norwich men, are not to be found among those appended to the MS. Address. Mr. Rye suggests that they may have been waiting to see which way the tide would turn, and that they came in and signed at the last moment; possibly they may have signed in London, where the Broad Sheet was printed.

Naturally in those days, when communication was so much more difficult than at present, the large majority of those who signed were residents in or near Norwich, or at all events in East Norfolk. The City of Norwich is so strongly represented, both by its officials and its private citizens, that the document might almost be considered a Norwich Address. It is signed by the Mayor, William Davy, and by both the Sheriffs, Thomas Wisse and John Laurence, who were in office at the time (1659-60), though they do not sign specifically as Mayor and Sheriffs; in fact, none of the signatures have any official or other designation appended. It bears the names of Joseph Payne, the Mayor of the following year, and of seven others who had served the office during the period of the Commonwealth, viz. John Rawley, Bernard Church, William Burnham, John Man, John Toffen (? Tofts), John Salter, and Christopher Jay; also the following names of men who had been Sheriffs of the City during the same period: William Tooke, Thomas Johnson, John Andrews, Richard Coldham, and Matthew Marcon. Both the representatives of the City in Parliament attached their signatures, viz. Sir John Hobart, Bart., of Blickling, and William Barnham, as also Bernard Church, who had been member in 1654-6, and Thomas Rant, who was elected M.P. for Norwich in the Restoration Parliament of 1660. It is also signed by Richard Catelyn, who was member for the City in the Long Parliament of 1640; in 1645 he was discharged, and disabled from being any longer a member, for deserting the service of the House, and for being in the King's Quarters adhering to that party.

In Yarmouth, which was not then a Mayor town, politics ran high, and there was conflict as to the right of electing their representatives in Parliament between the Corporation and the citizens at large. Up to the death of Cromwell the place had been strongly on the Parliamentary side, but the incapacity of Richard Cromwell brought about a revulsion of feeling. The Bailiffs in 1659 were William Burton and William Emperor, both Roundheads, neither of whom signed the Address. Burton was also member for the borough in the Parliament of 1659, and his colleague was Charles George Cock, whose



name is also absent. At the Restoration Burton and Emperor were both displaced from their offices as Bailiffs, and one of those newly elected in their place was James Symonds, whose name is attached to the Address. In the new Parliament of 1660 the Freemen at large obtained recognition of their right to elect the members, and Burton and Cock were replaced by Sir John Potts, of Mannington, and Sir William Doyley, of Shottesham, as against Sir John Palgrave and Miles Corbet, who had been returned by the Corporation. Sir William Doyley's signature appears on the Address. Sir John Palgrave, of Norwood, Barningham, born in 1605, was created a baronet in 1641, and knighted at Whitehall four days later. On the outbreak of the civil war he espoused the Parliamentary side, and was placed on the Committee of the Associated Counties in 1643. He attended the Conference held at Bury St. Edmunds on the 30th of January, 1645, to discuss the adoption of the New Model for the Army; in 1647, on the death of Sir John Hobart, he was elected in his place as Member for the County, and sat until excluded by "Pride's Purge," in 1648; he was not a member of either of Cromwell's Parliaments, though he must still have been regarded as attached to that party, since he was chosen with Miles Corbet by the Corporation of Yarmouth as their representative in 1660, though his election was declared void. Another Yarmouth official who signed was Robert Baldock, who was elected Recorder in place of Charles George Cock, dismissed.

Lynn, Royalist at heart, had been held down by a Parliamentary garrison since its capture by the Earl of Manchester in 1643. No town had suffered more severely in this way; hence it is not surprising that scarcely any Lynn signatures appear on the Address. It was the more strongly held down at that particular moment because of the failure of a recent attempt to surprise it on the King's behalf. The misgovernment by the Rump Parliament had revived the hopes of the Royalists in 1659, and designs had been formed to seize several considerable places in various parts of England: the only one of these which succeeded for a short time was an attack on Chester, which was captured and held by Sir George Booth for a few days in August, but was recaptured by General Lambert on the 19th of that month. Writing of these designs, Clarendon says (iii., p. 521) that the best digested and most likely to succeed was that against Lynn, which was undertaken by Lord Willoughby, with the help of Sir Horatio Townshend, who had great interest and credit in that part of Norfolk. Townshend was then a young man of about twenty-five, too young to have served during the war, so that he lay under no reproach of malignancy. He had succeeded to the baronetcy and considerable estates as a boy of ten, and had been elected M.P. for Norfolk in the Parliament of

1656, as soon as he came of age ; he was re-elected in 1659, and again in 1660, when he was appointed one of the Commissioners who were sent to Breda to invite Charles II. to return to England. In 1659, before the scheme for the seizure of Lynn could be carried into effect, Clarendon says that he was arrested with other Royalists ; on general grounds of suspicion it would seem, as no definite charge was made against him. He cannot have remained long in prison, as he was at large again before the end of the year, and in his place in Parliament, where, on the 28th of January, 1660, in conjunction with Lord Richardson and Sir John Hobart, he brought in the Declaration to Speaker Lenthall (printed *supra*, p. 12), praying that the secluded Members should be admitted without any oath or engagement previous to their entrance. Immediately after the Restoration both he and Lord Richardson were made Deputy-Lieutenants, an office at that time of considerable importance, as it gave them the control of the Militia.

The Mayor of Lynn in 1659-60 was Joshua Green, and he did not sign the Address ; neither did the Recorder, the Town Clerk, or either of the Members of Parliament. Of those who had served as Mayor during the Commonwealth, the only one who signed was Thomas Green, who was Mayor in 1654 and again in 1674 ; he had also been one of the Committee appointed after the siege of 1643 to consider the damage done to property " during the late desertion of this town." Two of the signatures, viz. those of John Davy and John Wharton, may be those of two of the Town Captains who took part in the defence under Sir Hamon le Strange. Sir Hamon himself had been in his grave since 1654, so his name does not appear ; but the second name on the list is that of his grandson, Sir Nicholas L'Estrange, the third baronet, and two brothers of the latter, John and William, also signed. Another name of a prominent resident in the vicinity is that of Sir William Hovell, of Hillington ; he was the son of Sir Richard Hovell, who had served with Sir Hamon during the siege, and had been one of those deputed on behalf of the burgesses to arrange the terms of the capitulation with the Earl of Manchester. Another Lynn signature is that of Thomas Scott, who had been a member of the Committee appointed in 1654 " for ejecting Scandalous and Ignorant Ministers and Schoolmasters," so he must have been a Roundhead.

The prominent position on the Address occupied by the name of Sir Nicholas L'Estrange is probably due more to his grandfather's services than his own. He was at that time twenty-seven years of age, and, owing to the sequestration of the Hunstanton Estate, which left him but little to live on, he had taken no prominent part in public affairs in the county. The voluminous and very precise accounts kept by his grandmother, Dame Alice,



still preserved in the Muniment Room at Hunstanton, show that in addition to being plundered of all their corn, 1,600 sheep, and many horses, her husband had to pay £1,673 to divers persons, mostly for alleged losses during the siege of Lynn: without reckoning the farm stock, the money fines alone are equivalent to at least £7,500 at the present day; the value of the stock would probably bring the total up to £10,000. Nicholas's father, the first baronet, only survived old Sir Hamon by less than a year; he was succeeded by his eldest son, Hamon, who only survived him by seven months, dying on the 15th of February, 1656, when his next brother, Nicholas, whose signature is on the Address, succeeded as third baronet; in the following year he married Mary, daughter of John Coke, of Holkham, the fourth son of the Lord Chief Justice; she died on the 10th of December, 1661, after giving birth to a son, Nicholas, who eventually became the fourth baronet. Sir Nicholas (the signer) married in 1662, as his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Justinian Isham, Bart., of Lamport, Northamptonshire, by whom he had two daughters. In the year after the Restoration he was appointed Deputy-Lieutenant by Horatio Lord Townshend; he died at the early age of thirty-seven, on the 13th of December, 1669. Thus, in fifteen years (1654 to 1669), the Hunstanton Estate belonged to five successive owners. Elizabeth (Isham) survived her husband for twenty years, and was buried at Westminster Abbey. The other members of the Hunstanton family whose signatures are attached were brothers of Sir Nicholas. John L'Estrange was the third son of the first baronet and Anne Lewkenor; he was born in 1636, and married his cousin Dorothy, second daughter of Hamon L'Estrange, of Pakenham, Suffolk, author of the "Alliance of Divine Offices," by whom he had nine sons and three daughters, all born and most of them buried at Gressenhall. In 1660 John L'Estrange was Captain of a company of Foot in the Militia, under the Earl of Southampton, Lord-Lieutenant of Norfolk; he died in 1722, at the age of eighty-six. Born before the outbreak of the Civil War in the reign of Charles I., he lived till the ninth year of George I., during six reigns, besides the Commonwealth. William, the other L'Estrange who signed, was the fourth son of Sir Nicholas and Anne (Lewkenor), born in 1639; he married Anne, daughter of Henry Bastard, of Dunham, and died in 1711, being buried, as was his brother John, at Mileham.

A great Royalist whose name is on the Address, and who was present at the siege of Lynn, was Augustine Briggs; he was born at Norwich in 1617, and became an Alderman of that city, but was turned out of office on account of his strenuous service for the King. Blomefield says (iv., p. 217) that the late Recorder, Richard Berney, had showed him a long sword with a label in Briggs' own handwriting tied thereto, and inscribed: "This I wore at the

siege of Linn, in the servis of the Royal Martyr K. Charles the first, A. BRIGGS." He was replaced on the Court of Aldermen at the Restoration, and elected Sheriff that same year. He was very serviceable in procuring a new Charter for the City, and became Mayor in 1670; in 1678 he was returned Member of Parliament for Norwich, and was thrice re-elected, sitting as such until the end of the reign of Charles II.; he also served as Mayor of the Trained Band, or City Militia; he died in 1684, in the sixty-seventh year of his age, and was buried in the church of St. Peter Mancroft, where a coloured tablet to his memory exists (now covered by the Organ), of which an Engraving is given by Blomefield.

Thomas Richardson, whose name stands first on the Broad Sheet Address, was generally known as Lord Richardson, and in the Parliamentary Returns for 1660 is styled, "Thomas, Lord Richardson, Baron of Cramond." He had succeeded, by special limitation, to the Scotch barony of Cramond, which had been conferred in 1628 on Elizabeth Beaumont, second wife of Sir Thomas Richardson, Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, with a very remarkable remainder to her husband's son by his first wife, although she herself had children by her first husband, Sir John Ashburnham, the heir male of the body of the grantee being thus excluded in favour of a stranger in blood (*Complete Peerage*, by G.E.C., ii., p. 397). The Lord Chief Justice had purchased the manor of Honingham; he died in 1635, and was succeeded therein by his son, Sir Thomas, who, however, did not succeed to the barony of Cramond, as his stepmother was still alive, and survived him. He died on the 12th of March, 1642; the *Mercurius Aulicus* (the Royalist Newsletter of the time) says that he had been imprisoned at Norwich for being well affected to his Majesty, and died in prison "principally from the ill-usage which he received there." On the death of Elizabeth Lady Cramond, in 1651, Thomas, grandson of the Chief Justice, became Baron Cramond, but apparently preferred to be called Lord Richardson, rather than by his Scotch title. He does not appear to have taken any prominent part in public affairs until he was elected M.P. for the County in 1660; he held the seat until his death in 1674.

Sir John Hobart, the third baronet, of Blickling, the third promoter of the Declaration to the Speaker, came of a family which had strongly supported the Parliamentary cause. His uncle, also Sir John, the second baronet, had been a member of the Committee of the Associated Counties appointed by Parliament in 1642, of which his cousin, Sir Miles Hobart, of Plumstead, was also a member; both of them were also on the Commission of 1643 for sequestrating the estates of malignants.



It was Sir Miles who, in 1629, when King Charles sent his Captain of the Guards to bring away the mace, locked the door of the House, put the key in his pocket, and held the Speaker down in his chair until the Commons had voted a protest against the payment of tonnage and poundage. The second baronet died in 1647, leaving no male issue, and was succeeded by his nephew John, born in 1628, who was about thirty-two at the period of the Restoration. His wife was Mary, daughter of the "Patriot" John Hampden. He was elected M.P. for Norfolk in 1654, and was one of those called by Writ to sit in Cromwell's House of Lords in 1657. After the death of the Protector, in the following year, he appears, like many others, to have come to the conclusion that the only chance for good government lay in the restoration of the King, and we find him accordingly one of the three members who presented the Declaration asking for the admission of the excluded Members. His conduct at once gained him the favour of Charles II., and he was one of five prominent Roundheads to whom a special grant of Pardon was made in December, 1660, for all treasons and past offences committed between the 1st of January, 1637, and the 24th of June, 1660.

The Norfolk Members of Parliament who had been excluded by Cromwell in 1656 were Sir Ralph Hare, Sir William Doyley, Philip Wodehouse, John Buxton, and Thomas Sotherton, all of whom attached their signatures to the Address. Hare, Doyley, and Wodehouse were rewarded at the Restoration by being appointed to the office of Deputy-Lieutenant.

Among the signatures are no less than three of the name of Thomas Browne. It would have been interesting to establish as a fact that one of these was that of the author of the "*Religio Medici*"; unfortunately a careful comparison of all three attached to the document with those of several letters from Sir Thomas Browne, in the Muniment Room at Hunstanton, shows that not one of the former can be accepted as the autograph of the Norwich philosopher.

The signature at the top of the fifth column on Sheet I is that of Sir Thomas Pettus, of Rackheath, the second baronet. His father, also Sir Thomas, had been created a baronet in 1641, for his loyalty to Charles I. He died in 1654, being succeeded by his eldest son, Thomas, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Walter Overbury, of Barton, Warwickshire, but had no issue. At his death, in 1671, the baronetcy devolved upon his brother John, who was Cupbearer to Charles II., James II., and William III. His cousin, Sir John Pettus, of Chediston Hall, Suffolk, raised a regiment of horse at his own expense for the King, and lost over £20,000 in the Royal cause.

Sir Edmund Bacon, whose name heads the third column of Sheet I,

the fourth baronet, of Redgrave, and of Pynkney House, Tatterford, Norfolk, was grandson of Sir Nicholas Bacon, the first man created a baronet by James I. He succeeded his grandfather in 1655, and died in 1685. A little lower in the same column comes the name of Butts Bacon; this may be the third son of the first baronet (himself created a baronet in 1627 by Charles I.), who died in 1661; but more probably, as Mr. Walter Rye has pointed out, it is the brother of Sir Edmund, the fourth baronet, of Redgrave. This Butts married Catherine, daughter and coheir of Sir John Tracey, Knight, of Stanhoe, Norfolk, whose name appears just above that of Butts in the Address.

A West Norfolk name in the same column is that of Sir Ralph Hare, of Stow Bardolf, who had been created a baronet in 1641. He married twice: his first wife was Mary, daughter and coheir of Sir Robert Crane, Bart., of Chitton, Suffolk; by his second wife, Vere, daughter of Sir Roger Townshend, first baronet, of Rainham, he became brother-in-law of Sir Horatio, afterwards the first Viscount. Always a supporter of the Royal cause, in 1646, when the King was sold by the Scots to the Parliamentary party for £400,000, Hare was selected as one of the hostages for the payment of the money. In 1651 he served as High Sheriff, and as Member for the County in the Parliaments of 1654 and 1656, but in this latter year was one of the secluded Members who were not allowed to take their seats. At the Restoration he was elected Member for Lynn, and in 1661 again became representative of the County, for which he continued to sit up to the time of his death in 1671. In 1662 he was one of Lord Townshend's Deputy-Lieutenants, and raised a Militia regiment of Foot, which was employed in garrisoning the Norfolk coast during the Dutch scare of 1665.

Another Roundhead Member of Parliament who was excluded in 1656, and subsequently signed the Address, was Philip Wodehouse. He was the eldest son of Sir Thomas, the second baronet, of Kimberley, who himself, as Member for Thetford in the Long Parliament, had been an active supporter of the Commonwealth, and one of the sequestrators of the estates of Royalists in 1643. During his lifetime his son Philip sat as Member for the County in Cromwell's Parliament of 1654, and was returned again to that of 1656; but was another of those not allowed to sit, being one of the one hundred and sixty-one not approved by the Protector and his Council. He succeeded to the baronetcy on the death of his father in 1658, and was elected Member for Thetford in the Restoration Parliament, but did not sit in subsequent Parliaments. He died in 1681.

John Buxton, of Channonz, in Tibenham, is another instance of a leading Roundhead who also modified his views and left the Parliamentary party.



He had succeeded his father in 1621, at the age of nineteen. In 1638 he served as High Sheriff for Norfolk, and in 1643 became a member of the Committee of the Associated Counties. He was elected one of the Members for Norfolk to Cromwell's Parliament of 1656, but failed to receive a Certificate from the Council as being well affected, and was, therefore, left among the excluded members. He died on the 29th of April, 1660, a few months after signing the Address.

It is noticeable that many prominent Norfolk families are unrepresented in the list of signatures. Amongst the absent are the following names :—

Calthorpe	Jermy	Paston
Fountaine	Jerningham	Pratt
Gawdy	Kemp	Shelton
Gurdon	Knyvett	Skippon
Heydon	Layer	Waldgrave
Holland	Mordaunt	Wyndham

Probably difficulties of communication will account for many of these, and it must be remembered that, at that moment, many who were too well known as active Royalists dare not sign, while, on the other hand, many thorough-going supporters of the Commonwealth would not do so. Many Royalists, too, were across the water. For instance, that the name of Pratt, of Ryston, is not to be found on the document is accounted for by the fact that the Edward Pratt of that day was so determined to keep out of politics that, on the breaking out of the Civil War, he found that he had business which obliged him to go to Italy, in which country and in Germany he remained until the troublous times had blown over.

One prominent absentee I may, perhaps, be excused if I mention—Roger L'Estrange, the political pamphleteer. One reason, no doubt, is that he was busily employed in London between August, 1659, and April, 1660, in pouring out from the Press Manifestoes, Declarations, and Pamphlets, with the object of forwarding the Restoration: few did harder and more useful work for it than he did. Roger did not use the word *Restoration*, he clamoured for a free Parliament; but every politician then knew that the one implied the other, and he was justified in claiming afterwards that in those critical and dangerous days he had taken his life in his hand when advocating the rights of the excluded Members. A detailed account of his activities during the winter of 1659–60 is given in Mr. George Kitchin's recently published "Sir Roger L'Estrange." It is quite possible that, although his name does not

appear on this Address, he may really have been the prime mover, and even the author of it; he certainly wrote an Address, dated the 3rd of January, to the Commissioners of the City of London, purporting to be the demands of the Counties and their advice to the City ("L'Estrange's Apology," pp. 52-54), and it seems likely, therefore, that he may at least have had a hand in framing a genuine Address from his own county.

Of the prominent Roundheads who, either from interest or change of opinion, have appended their names, there are at least a score, given below, who at one time or another had served on the Committee of the Eastern Association :

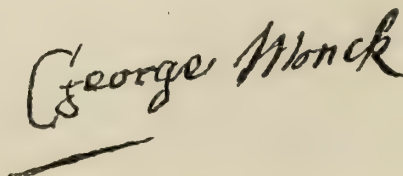
Bedingfeld, Philip	de Grey, James	Parmenter, Adrian
Berkham, John	Doyley, Sir William	Salter, John
Buxton, John	Hobart, Sir John	Symonds, William
Chamberlain, Edward	Jay, John	Watts, Henry
Church, Bernard	Johnson, Thomas	Wright, Thomas
Clarke, Richard	King, Henry	
Cooke, John	Palgrave, Sir John	

Few questions relating to this period have been more discussed than that of the date at which Monck made up his mind to transfer his allegiance to the Royalist side. As tending to elucidate this, a sketch of the life history of the General may not be out of place. For the main facts I am indebted to Clarendon and to the article on the General in the "Dictionary of National Biography," while Mr. Walter Rye has contributed the information concerning such connection with the County of Norfolk as he is able to establish.

George Monck\* was the second son of Sir Thomas Monck, of Potheridge, in Devonshire, and was born there on the 6th of December, 1608. Clarendon says that "he was of an ancient family in Devonshire, always very loyally affected, and, being a younger brother, he entered early into the life and condition of a soldier." Originally in the King's service, he fought on

---

\* An examination of a number of his signatures in the Public Record Office shows that he always spelt his name with a "c." A tracing from a characteristic example is given.





that side at the beginning of the Civil War ; he was captured and suffered three or four years' imprisonment in the Tower, but was finally persuaded to serve the Parliament against the Irish, "pleasing himself with the opinion that he did not therein serve against the King." When Cromwell invaded Scotland, in July, 1650, he took Monck with him, and gave him the command of a newly raised regiment, which, afterwards, at the Restoration, became the Coldstream Guards : the designation was taken from the river which, in the critical months at the end of 1659, lay between the armies of Monck and Lambert. At the battle of Dunbar Monck led the Brigade of Foot, and when Cromwell marched into England, in May, 1651, in pursuit of Charles II., he left Monck as Commander-in-Chief in Scotland. Monck returned to England early in the following year, and in November was appointed one of the three Generals of the Fleet, to fight against the Dutch ; he was in command at the battle of the Texel, 31st July, 1653, when van Tromp was killed and the Dutch fleet almost totally destroyed. Meanwhile he had been made M.P. for Devonshire in the Parliament nominated by Cromwell during that same month, and he received the thanks of Parliament on taking his seat in October. In the spring of 1654 Monck again took up the chief command in Scotland, and for the next six years ruled it with a rod of iron. He had all along been a close personal friend and admirer of Cromwell, and between them a cordial and unbroken confidence existed. He was one of those summoned by the Protector in 1657 to come and take a seat in his new House of Lords, but, even so early as this, it looks as if he entertained some doubts as to the position of affairs, since he excused himself from coming south on the ground that his presence was indispensable in Scotland. The death of Cromwell, on the 3rd of September, 1658, evidently marks the turning-point in Monck's political opinions : he wrote and promised his support to Richard Cromwell, but, as soon as the new Commissioners for the nomination of officers began to remove and change the officers under his command, he promptly expressed his dissatisfaction. Advantage was at once taken of his discontent by the Royalists, and overtures were made to him by them in the summer of 1659. A letter from Charles II. was entrusted for delivery to him by Sir John Grenville, the contents of which were communicated to him by his younger brother, Nicholas Monck, of whom Clarendon tells us that he was "a Divine, who had a parsonage in Devonshire, and had through all the ill-times carried himself with singular Integrity ; and, being a Gentleman of a good family, was in great reputation with all those who constantly adhered to the King" ("History of the Rebellion," iii., p. 548). Evidently, however, in Monck's judgment affairs were not yet ripe, and he declined to receive the Royal emissaries or their communication ;

though he took no steps to denounce the agents or to report their advances to the Council in London. On the occurrence of the breach between Parliament and the Army in England, Monck supported the Parliamentary side, and expostulated with Lambert and Fleetwood. With regard to the army under his own command in Scotland, he took very strong measures : he imprisoned Colonel Cobbett, who had been sent by the Committee of Safety to persuade him to a concurrence with them, and he purged his army of fanatics by arresting and sending out of Scotland all officers whom he suspected of any inclination to Lambert and his party. Clarendon says of him, at this juncture, that the Committee of Safety " had always look'd upon him as entirely devoted to the person of Cromwell ; otherwise, without obligation to any Party or opinion, and more like to be seduced by the King than any Man who had Authority in the three Kingdoms ; therefore they resolved to send Lambert with their whole Army into the North, that he might at least stop him in any march he should think of making " (*ib.* p. 546).

Meanwhile Lambert, having marched northwards, towards Newcastle, the troops in London, and the Fleet in the Thames, resolved to give up the struggle and declared for Parliament, which, after having been twice ousted, was by Christmas restored to authority, and not only they, but also Desborough's regiment, which had been detached by Lambert to quell the revolt, joined in it and gave the Speaker notice of their obedience. The news of this decided Monck to advance into England. On the 2nd of January, 1660, he crossed the Tweed with 5,000 foot and 2,000 horse, nominally to preserve order ; but, from the deliberate way in which he acted, the precautions which he took, and the promptitude with which he met every emergency, there can be no doubt that he had all along a clear idea of what he was aiming at : though in words he was still cautious and ambiguous, his actions prove that he had deliberately come to the conclusion that in the restoration of the Monarchy lay the only means of securing settled government for his country.

During January he marched slowly southwards, and as he advanced the army of Lambert melted away ; such rebellious regiments as he met on the road he succeeded in disbanding without having resort to arms ; hence, allusion in the Address to the late differences in the Armies having been so happily composed without bloodshed. On reaching Leicester, on the 23rd of January, he received an Address from the gentry of Devonshire, Royalist in intention, but discreetly expressed in vague terms. In his reply Monck was still more cautious, and wrote a letter showing so little of his hand that it was actually read with satisfaction in Parliament. Other Addresses flowed in from various quarters. It cannot have been



intended that the one from Norfolk should have been presented to him on his march towards London, because it speaks of the resentment of their grievances as having been already signified to the Speaker, and we know that this Address was not presented to him until the 28th of January, 1660. Possibly the Norfolk petition was delayed so long to procure signatures that, by the time that it was completed, events had marched with such rapidity that the desired object, namely, the admission of the excluded Members, had already been attained; if this be so, there would then have been no occasion for presenting it, and the original document may have remained in the hands of Sir Horatio Townshend, and have found safe custody in the archives at Rainham until it was sold thence, two hundred and fifty years later.

Early in February Monck marched into London, where he was received by Parliament, who confirmed his authority as Commander-in-Chief, and he was solemnly thanked by Speaker Lenthall for his services. The Rump Parliament had contrived to embroil themselves with the country by a proposal to levy a tax of £100,000, and still more with the City by an attack on their privileges; after some characteristic dallying Monck espoused the cause of the City. On the 21st of February he ordered his guards to admit to the House of Commons the Members who had been excluded in 1648, and at the same time he obliged them to summon a new Parliament within a month, and to elect a new Council with himself at its head—the Restoration was practically complete.

Parliament was dissolved on the 16th of March; the day before a meeting of officers had demanded that the General should send and order the House to re-enact the engagement against the Monarchy. Monck dealt roundly with his officers; he told them that he had not brought them out of Scotland for his own or the Parliament's counsel, but for his part he should obey the Parliament, and he expected that they should do the same. By this time he was certainly in communication with Charles II.

To the Parliament, which was summoned for the 3rd of April, 1660, Monck was elected as representative of the University of Cambridge, and also, by a double return, as Member for the county of Devon; he sat for the latter constituency until he was summoned to the House of Lords as Duke of Albemarle in July. It was only on the 19th of March that Monck overtly declared for the King; on that day he consented to receive from Sir John Grenville the letter which Charles had sent to him in Scotland in the previous summer, at which he had then declined to look. His words to Grenville on this occasion were: "My heart was ever faithful to the King, but I was never able to do him service till the present time." The Declaration of Breda was made on the

4th of April ; on the 26th the Convention Parliament voted the Restoration, and Charles landed at Dover on the 25th of May, where he was received by Monck, and he entered London in triumph on his birthday, the 29th of May.

Clarendon tells us nothing of the personal appearance of George Monck, but we have particulars given in two biographies of him written by contemporaries—one by the Rev. Thomas Gumble, who was his Chaplain in Scotland, and was employed by him to convey letters to the Parliament and the citizens of London ; the other was written by Thomas Skinner, a physician of Colchester, who died in 1679. Gumble says “ he was of a very comely personage, his countenance very manly and majestick, the whole fabrick of his body very strong ” (T. Gumble, “ Life of General Monck,” p. 465). Skinner describes him as “ rather comely than elegant. His stature was of the middle size, but contrived for strength and action. In his countenance there appeared something very great and august, yet without pride. His aspect was so truly martial that they who knew him not might have taken him for a General, and collected the ideas of a hero from the lines of his face ” (Thomas Skinner, M.D., “ Life of General Monck,” p. 417). Pepys was less complimentary ; writing on the 28th of December, 1663, he says : “ I find him a very heavy dull man,” but in December, 1665, he admits that “ he is mighty brisk.” The French traveller, Balthazar de Monconys, whose Journal was published in 1665, gives an excellent description of his appearance in 1663 : “ il est petit et gros ; mais il a la physionomie de l’esprit la plus solide, et de la conscience la plus tranquille du monde, et avec cela une froideur sans affectation, et sans orgueil ny desdain ; il a enfin l’air d’un homme fort modéré et fort prudent ” (Monconys’ “ Journal,” ii., p. 82). Macaulay thus describes him : “ With very slender pretensions to saintship [he] had raised himself to high commands by his courage and professional skill. His nature was cautious and somewhat sluggish.” Thomas, Earl of Ailesbury, who, however, was too young to have known much about the General personally, hits off his character very well in very few words. He says, “ he was naturally of heavy parts and illiterate, but he supplied that by a good judgment, and secret to the last degree, and most cautious in all his undertakings.”

Monck was not fortunate in his wife. He married on the 23rd of January, 1653, Anne, daughter of John Clarges, a farrier in the Strand, whom Pepys describes as “ ever a plain homely dowdy.” Clarendon scornfully remarks that “ he was cursed, after long familiarity, to marry a woman of the lowest extraction, the least wit and less beauty.”

It would in some measure account for the extraordinary number of signatures attached to the Address if we could show that the General was in



any way connected with the County of Norfolk. He was not, of course, of Norfolk descent, but Mr. Walter Rye has supplied me with some notes which establish some connection through the descendants of his elder brother, Thomas Monck, who died in 1647, leaving no male issue. There was a family of Monck in the county during the last half of the seventeenth century, who used the same arms as the Devonshire family, viz. Gules, a chevron between three lions' heads, erased, argent. Captain Joseph Monck, of Little Brandon, near Kimberley, died there on the 29th of June, 1721, at the age of seventy-two (Farrar's "Church Heraldry of Norfolk," i., p. 269); he must, therefore, have been born about 1649, and could not have been a son of Thomas Monck, of Potheridge, who died in 1647. Joseph Monck had a son named Thomas, who lived at Barnham Broom, the next parish to Little Brandon; he died on the 29th of July, 1726, aged forty-seven, and is buried at Barnham Broom under a slab bearing the above arms (*ib.* i. 267). Except in the use of the same arms, I am not aware of any evidence showing that these Moncks of Little Brandon and Barnham Broom were descended from the Devonshire family.

Mr. Vicary Gibbs, in his new edition of Cokayne's "Complete Peerage," (i. 87 *n.*), says that the General became heir male of the Potheridge family on the death of his elder brother Thomas; the latter, however, left several daughters, one of whom, Elizabeth, married the Parliamentary General Thomas Pride, who, in 1648, in order to frustrate the intended agreement with Charles I., had prevented about one hundred and thirty Members from entering the House of Commons (*Pride's Purge*). Their daughter, Elizabeth Pride, married in 1674 Captain John Gibbs, of Norwich, whom Le Neve calls "the famous Captain Gibbs"; he was a great gamester and horseracer in Charles II.'s time. Blomefield has an amusing account of how, for a wager, he drove his chaise and four horses up and down the steepest place of the Devil's Ditch, at Newmarket (Blomefield, i., p. 533). He died on the 22nd of October, 1695, and is buried at Attleborough, under a stone with a long and fulsome inscription, which records the descent of his wife from Sir Thomas Monck. Pepys mentions in his "Diary" that after the death, in 1688, of Christopher, the second Duke of Albemarle, Monck's son and successor, who left no issue, "one Pride, son of a daughter of an elder brother of the Duke of Albemarle," claimed to be his heir-at-law, and brought an unsuccessful action to enforce his right in Hilary Term, 1694.

There was a John Monck, of Boketon House, Sussex, who had some connection with Norfolk. He married Frances, daughter of George Cook, of Thetford, who survived him, and became the third wife of Hamon L'Estrange, of Pakenham, Suffolk, son of the Hamon who wrote the "Alliance of Divine

Offices"; they were married at St. Mary's, Bury St. Edmunds, on the 29th of September, 1709, and she died on the 19th of February, 1726, and was buried at St. Mary's, Thetford. Whether her first husband, John Monck, was in any way connected with the General's family does not appear.

The great labour of transcribing these hundreds of signatures, many of them excessively difficult to read, of arranging them in alphabetical order, of supplying biographical notices, and thereby identifying a large proportion of the individuals, has been undertaken and carried out by Mr. Walter Rye. Without his industry and acumen this introduction could not have been written; and without the enterprise of Messrs. Jarrold and Sons, in producing facsimiles of all the signatures, this volume would have had little value. To students of English history of the period of the Commonwealth, the discovery and reproduction of the original of one of the many Addresses to Monck, which undoubtedly contributed to hasten the Restoration, is, in itself, a matter of interest; to local historians it is of considerable importance, as showing how almost everyone of consequence in the county, Roundheads, as well as Cavaliers disgusted by the misrule and incompetence of the Rump Parliament, had come round to the opinion that the first essential for good and stable government was the readmission of the excluded Members to the House of Commons—a proceeding which, as every politician of that day knew without its being expressed in words, involved and necessarily led to the Restoration of the Monarchy; and, lastly, to all of us at the present day, who are connected by residence, ownership, or parentage with the County of Norfolk, it is of great personal interest to be able to examine, in many instances for the first time, an authentic facsimile of the handwriting of our predecessors or ancestors.

Hunstanton Hall,

*1st March, 1913.*

**Transcript of the Signatures to the Address, arranged in the same order as the *facsimile*, so as to facilitate the finding of each signature on the *facsimile* by means of the Index.**

(A)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Tho. Rychardson Nicholas L'Estrange Aug. Sotherton Arthur Jenney Will. D'oyly	J. Hobart  Ra. Hare Phillip Woodhouse William Hovell Roger Spelman	Edm. Bacon  H. Townshend John Tracy Butts Bacon Thomas Hunt Tho. Townshend Tho. Gournay James de Grey	Tho. Pettus  Tho. Le Gros William Armiger Robert Drury
J. Palgrave				
	Tho. Guybon John Windham William Guybon	Wil. Crane  W. Randall Oliver Neve		Richard Ewing J. (?) Porter
Jo (?) Berny				
Wm. Rant Char. Legard	John Buxton		Tho. Rant John Earle Fran. Thorisby Wm. Cooke Suckl. Jay Tho. Witherley Fr. Corie Edward Blenerhaysett	
Wm. Browne Tho. Wilde Henry Basborn John Drury	Ri. Godfrey Abel Hodges Wm. Cooke, senr. Wm. Brage H. Bedingfeild Jacob Astley	Edward Walpole Robt. Yallop  Will. Glover E. Chamberleyne Edward Pepys Robt. Baldocke		Robt. Herne Phillipp Bedingfeild Phillipp Bedingfeild, jun. Ric. Catelyn Ra. Ward Wm. Brage Tho. Catelyn
Robt. March Francis Spencly Roger St. John	Wm. Methwold	John Dancy (? Daucy or Davey) Abrahan . . . arse (? Taise) John Morton	I. (or J.) Preston  Sam. Smyth Jo : Tuthill	James Peck (or Peek)  John Fisher Charles Alden
Anthony Williamson William Pell	Robt. Suc[kling ?] John Palgrave John Cornwaleys, senr.		Jo. Mingay William Gooch Chr. Cock Thomas Shardelow John Jay William Futter Tho. Jessopp	Edmund Sharingham Thomas Hardingham
Henry Porland John L'Estrange	Tho. Hunston William Hare John Hudell George Genney (or Jenney) Tho. Stone	Tho. Berney Anthony Drury Edwd. Denny Richard Sendall (? Kendall) Ro. Hamond		William Breese (or Roose) Edm. Wise
	Robt. French John Busey William Rookewood George Fowler Hen. Shardelow Tho. Smith	Hen. Woods Jo <sup>m</sup> . Todd Tho. Elwin Henry Cooke W. Stanton (? Wanton or Hanton) Edw. Miles Daniell Burr Will <sup>m</sup> . Robins Robert Chapman	Steven Butcher  John Wolf (?) Thomas Goaff Thomas Church	Edm. Witherley Peter Coppin William L'Estrange
	John Chapman Robert Taylere Samuell Sadler Timothe Day		Roger Mansuer John Martyn Peter Buttevant Edmond Topclyffe	



## (B)

(1)	(2)	(3)
William Hewytt	Robt. Bendish	Humphrey Rant, jun.
Adryan Armenter	Henry Sydnor	Peter Prime
(? Parmenter)		
Henry Watts, sen.	Felix Forbie	John Hall
Edm. Borman	Francis Fassatt	Fr. Norris
Wm. Barnham	John R . . mer	Adrian Payne
John Man	Richard Wenman, junior	Hillary Dallison
John Batt, sen. (? Salter)	Francis Fassatt	John Pycroft
Christr. Jay	Will. Hartley	William Sheldrake
Tho. Wisse	Paffrdeman Sheffield	John Mottram
John Lawrence	Elias Browne	Abraham Havett
John Cleere (?)	Robert Bocking	John Blackhead, junior
John Osborne	Laurence Goodwyn	William Burlington
Tho. Johnson	Thomas Corye	Thomas Ward
George Coldham (?)	John Robins	George King
Daniell Manser	Joseph Paine, jun.	Tho. Freeman
John Scamler	Will Cropp (?)	Tho. Allen
		Brathwight Sowter
Thomas Barnham	John Hare	Edm. Forrest
William Clayton	William Le Neve	Thomas Martin
Dan. Shanke	William Swann	Anthony Okeley
John Melchior	Thomas Newton	John Clayton
Francis Kings	William Johnson	Thomas Neve
		Hen. Tostocke
Henrii Andru (?)	Jo. Cosnold	Rt. Roope
Andru Agis	J. Collinges	John Athow
William Parmenter	Edmond Cock	
Tho. Crane	William Meeke	Tho. Greene
Robert Hill	Thomas Browne	Tho. Newce
John Rayley	Edward Osborne, se.	Francis Clarke
B. Church		
James Barton, senior	Edward Osborne, ju.	G. Cock
Tho. Lecerly (?)	Tho. Warde	John Cornwaleys
John Spendlove	Geo. Warde	
Richard Fenn	Robt. Sterling (or Starling)	Tho. Cornwaleys
Matthew Thacker	Tho. Levansey	Tho. Doughty
James Breueter (Brevëter)	Tho. Burghill	Nicholas Bilham
Matthew Thacker	Richard Cooke	Eleazar Hambleton
Robert Osborne	Tho. Raffe	James Nerford
	Thomas Jessy (? Jesup)	Thomas Copping
	John Lowe	
	. . . (?) Stebbyn	

## (C)

(1)	(2)	(3)
Robert Pleasant	Fin: ( <i>i.e.</i> Finch) Hartstongue	Hen. Doyly
Edward Tiler	Will Cubitt	Geo. Hall
William Harrold	Perry Heyward	William Linley
Will. King	James Pomfret	Robert Thacker
William Bullocke	Edm. Gooch	James Brockden
John Beckham	Tho. Speding	Jobur Douglas
Joseph Brett	John Harwood	Jno. Locke
Thomas Wright		
John R . . . . .	Robert Tyler	Will. Franckling
Willyam Beales	Austin Church	Leonard Osborne
Roger Robinson	Samuell Griggs	Richard Marrant
Francis Weston	Henry Youll	Peter Enton
Matthew Harding	? . . . ard Punder	Will. Heaslewood
John Toffen	Robert Bensley	Richard Clarke
Micha. Beverly	Thomas Booth	Alex. Croshold
Tho. Lambe	James Sanderson	John Barnham
Thomas Blackmore	Edm. Bullocke, gent	Tho. Myles
Richard Couldham	Brian Nelson	John Bence (? Boner)
Hugh Bokenham	William Dallison	Rog . . . Gillman (? Spillman or Lullman)
William Weston, jun.	Nicolas Chapman	John Woods
Robard Dimond	John Cristion (? Crighton)	Anthony Mingay
Roger Wythe	Will. Mason	Francis Gardner
Thomas Wolse (? Wolfe)	Isaac Cowper	Thomas Rudd
Gorge Love		
Thomas Fiddyman	John Fassett	John Oldome
Robert Seaffrey (? Seaffree)	Henry King	Abraham Derrix
George Killborne	Robert Rudland	Tho. Hurst
(? Lillborne)	Edward Tooke	Kill: (? Will) Clayton
William Fothergill	Tho. Wormall	
Tho. (? Jno.) Hutt (? Hull, Jno.)	Wm. Rudland	Tho. Osborne
Wm. Edwardes	Will. Pallant	Robt. Per . . . od (? Porland or Pechard)
	Jeremy Hervy (? Harty or Hardy)	John Hawes
Robert Dimond	John Mingay	Owin Williamson
Thomas Boulton	William Stacy	John Howard
Amanuell Nockold	Tho. Oliver	John Sarson
Will. Weston	William Rutland	Jonathan Bever (?)
Henry Holbey	William Norreys (? Nowell)	Abraham Rote
George Wasse	William Woodrowe (?)	Anthony Style
	William Brooke	Robert Howard
	John Norgate	Richard Smith
	Jona. Newhouse	
	John Sotherton	
	John Ingram	
	Henry Greenewood	
	John Tabor	
	William Stanhawe	

## ADDRESS TO GENERAL MONCK

## (D)

## (1)

Jonathan Snowden  
 Joseph Dackett (? Duckett)  
 Tho. Barker  
 W<sup>m</sup>. Aldham  
 Hamo. Thurstone  
 John Kitchingman  
 William Rendall (? Randall)  
 Martin Morley  
 Ham. (*i.e.* Hamond) Eastgate  
 Henry Dennes  
 Will. Balles  
 Daniell Roll  
 Robt. Clerk  
 John Wharton  
 Sampson Tounesend  
 John Ward  
 John Woods  
 Anthony Moore  
 John Watts  
 George Lescaillet  
 Jo. Thurgar  
 Tho. Cady (?)  
 Roger Spore  
 John Cooper  
 Joshua Pycroft  
 Edmond Cooke  
 Richard Clarke  
 John Cur . . . (? Crowe)  
 Richard Brooke  
 Thomas Warren  
 William Armes  
 Richard Myett  
 Matthyas Sotherton  
 Rog. Stanhawe  
 John Leverington

## (2)

Nicholas Newham  
 Thomas Sinyard  
 Nicho. Bickerdik  
 William Symonds  
 Robert Bendish, junr.  
 John Framingham  
 John Lilles (? Lillet)  
 Thomas Herre  
 Willyam Lisle (? Sisle)  
  
 Jeremy Norris  
 John Gamble  
 Andrew Lightfoote  
 Richard Newton  
 Edmund Cullyer  
 John Bryent  
 Thomas Watton (? Watten)  
 John Goose  
 Edmond Weeds  
 Edmond Jeney  
 William Jubie  
  
 Peetter Smyth  
 Jeamese Wor . . des (? Woades)  
 John Boytar (? Baxtar)  
 Richard Rudland  
 Will. Battelle  
  
 John Rant  
 Henry Garnham  
 Thomas Jarvas  
 Robert Sewell  
 Thomas Youngs  
 Robert Beckham



## (E)

## (1)

Francis Dickerson  
 John Blith  
 John . . . . .  
 Thomas Feltham  
 William Willson  
 Daniell Dover  
 Tho. Outlaw  
 William Brooke  
 Marke Cockey  
 Francis Snalewell  
 Richard Thurloe  
 Geo. Dale  
 Willyam Futter  
 W<sup>m</sup>. Blackmere  
 Aug. Briggs  
 John Havett  
 Geo. Smethy  
 Thomas Wright  
 Edm. Nottingham  
 Thomas Blofeld  
  
 Owen Hampden (?)  
 Stephen Lawes  
 Robert Broome  
 Robert Fransham  
 John Younges  
 John Hawke  
 John Bradford  
 John Cronne  
 William Attilsey

## (2)

Henry Brampton  
 Thomas Tovey  
 John Stallworthy  
 Robeart Cawston  
 Steven Rose  
 Edward Cippen  
 Tho. Becraft  
  
 John Cradock  
 Tho. Prittyman  
 Robt. Richardson  
 W<sup>m</sup>. Taylor  
 Tho. Thacker  
 John Sadd  
 Samuell Verdon  
 W. David  
 John Fenn  
 William Rayley  
 Henry Palmer  
  
 Robt. Bockin  
 Tho. Broughton  
 Jo. Wheatley  
 Tho. Fransham  
 Will. Armes  
 John Pierson  
 Thomas Peartre  
 John English  
 Jehosaphat Davy  
 Daniel Dower, s<sup>r</sup>.  
 Abra. Baist  
 Thomas Harding  
 Thomas Browne  
 John Baker  
 Richard Complin

## (3)

John Condlee (? Condtee)  
 Tho. Matlis  
 John Athill  
 John Wrongrey  
 Rich. Miles  
 Edward Tubbing  
 Robert Johnson  
  
 Peter Scrivener  
 Robert Dynn  
 Richard Dale  
 Nevill Cradock  
 Tho. Hynes  
 Edm. Keble  
 Will. Locke, junr.  
 Joseph Morrant  
 Tho. Osborne  
 Henry Salter  
 Jo. Crane  
  
 John Style  
 Tho. Deane  
 W<sup>m</sup>. Adkins  
 Henry Baker  
 Samuell Fromou  
 Robert Warnes  
 Thomas Woodhouse  
 John Playford  
 Jo. Plowman  
 Robert Woodward  
 Thomas Elmes

## ADDRESS TO GENERAL MONCK

## (F)

## (1)

John Richis  
 John Lullman  
 John Davy  
 Nicholas Dawney  
 Christopher Meede (? More)

Tho. Ridgemon (?)  
 Matthew Freeman

John Hasbart  
 Roger Elliott  
 Rich. Norge (?)

Benjamin More  
 J. Tottnell  
 Phillip Hickling  
 Nicolos Everet  
 Robert Tompson  
 Tho. Benter  
 Walter Bennett (?)  
 John Tottnell  
 John More  
 Thomas King  
 Robert Buttolf  
 Mathew Salmon  
 Anthonie Cooke  
 Willyam Gowen  
 George Penke  
 Tho. Claxon  
 Will. Lambert  
 George Wells  
 Robert Billingsby  
 Robert Wells  
 Frances Eaton  
 Edward . . . . .

William Pointer  
 Jo. Leced (?)  
 Na. Smith  
 Henry Smith  
 Will. Starling  
 Tho. Spink  
 Ben. Wattling  
 John Kiffin  
 Robert Coman (erased)  
 Jo. Midleditch  
 Tho. Turgoose  
 John Crickmore  
 William Weedes  
 Jo. Bocker (? Barker)

## (2)

Henery Sedgwicke (? Sedgwicks)  
 Willyam Fayerman  
 Tho. Scarlett  
 George Pinder  
 Barnibe Eggleton  
 Will. Emerton  
 Tho. Wright  
 Thomas Rutta (? Ruffa)  
 Henry Baily  
 Jeremey Wingfield  
 John Crow  
 Protestant Hill  
 Will. Witherley  
 John Hastings  
 Robert Burgesse  
 Thos. Burgis

John Coper  
 Hugh Scott  
 Dan. Harmer (? Warmer)  
 John Dickes  
 Rich. Miles  
 Richard Johnson  
 Anthony Dawson  
 Richard Bancks (?)  
 John Cooper  
 Thomas Thrower  
 Thomas Pepys  
 Phillip Hill  
 Matthew Marcon  
 Matheu Hancill

Robert Myett  
 Matheu Hancill  
  
 Austeien Alldred  
 James Symonds  
 Robert P . . . atone (? Pearetree)

Richard Todman (? Tadman)  
 Tho. Lewes  
 Peter Ludlam



## (G)

## (1)

John Manser  
Edward Attelse  
Robert Wenman  
Robert Grys (? Giry)  
Daniel Fromanteel  
Lyonell Smyth

John Wright  
John Nicholls  
Roger Hovell  
Edward Attelsey, younger  
James Baker  
Jo. Dawney  
Thomas Fulcis (?)  
John Ames  
George Symonds sen.  
Henry Woods  
Abraham Tate (?)  
John Hideman  
Thomas Gardner

Edmund Jennis  
Robt. Davney (?)  
John Reames  
Robert Watts  
Mihill Lulman  
Rich. Cooke  
Tho. Feltham  
Rich. Warren  
Roger Fryle (? Foyle)  
Wm. Myles  
Robert Wells  
Sam. Browne

## (2)

Edward Anguish  
John Browne  
Henry Pendleton  
Peter Sutton  
Thomas Greene  
William Curtis

Thomas Drake  
Moses Whitbread  
Hen. Tompson  
John Denton  
Benjamin Brogden

Robert True  
J. Westhorpe  
Will. Eluin  
Wm. Moyses  
Hen. Bucher  
Francis Deene  
Eduerd Hunsloe (? Hunsod  
for (?) Hansard)

Jo. Carver  
Fr. Wood  
Will. Tooke  
William Fitt  
Rog. Crowe  
Thomas Scott  
Hen. Cobs (? Coke)  
Will. Locke, sen.  
Geo. Canham

## (3)

Arthur Blomfeild  
Ro. Frend (? Freind)  
James Heptostall  
John Wright  
John Sotherton  
John Moore

Ma Tilney  
Abraham Cates  
Leonard Robinson  
Edmund Cooke

Wm. Savory  
Rich. Beverly  
Edwd. Amys  
Ephraim Jickler (? Eckler)  
Tho. Tilney  
John Goddard  
Ric. Repis (? Kepis)

Fr. Hodgnesse  
Rich. Myles  
Jo. Browne  
Rich. Burrell  
John Fenn  
Thomas Pepys  
Ben. Tunney  
Edw. Greene  
John Atkyns  
Anthony Hill

## (H)

## (1)

Thomas Skelton  
Edward Baist  
William Lambert  
Peter Veer (?)  
Jno. Wilde  
Henry Parmenter  
Thom. Hutton

Jno. Hawes  
Barth. Smyth  
Nich. Albond  
Peter Church  
Peter Dale  
Leonard Hardy

Edmund Culyer  
Robt. Cooke  
Edward Linsey  
John Cooper  
Henry Wright  
Lawrence Dale  
Daniell Watlin  
Richard Wright  
Henry Mundford  
Thomas Smyth  
Austin Woods  
Gabriel Bensly  
Edward Fitts  
James Briggs  
John Bristo  
Daniell Skinner  
Samuell Bateman  
Richard Peart  
Thomas Deane  
Willyam Futter  
Thomas Ellis  
Nicholas True  
Robert Gurne (?)  
Robert Johnson  
John Robines  
Will. Jaques  
John Ulfe  
Phillip Thirckle  
Richard Melling  
Thomas Dussing (or Duffing)  
John Club  
Edmond Freind  
John Dexter  
Robert Lovedy  
Edward Mundy  
Henry Masham (? Massam)

## (2)

Henry Fen  
Edward Deane  
Willyam Gambell  
Edward Daubney  
Thomas Stevenson  
Abraham Lamb  
Robert Huson  
Tho. Busey  
Arthur P'nman (? Peruman = Perriman)  
Robert Bunsdell  
Robert Berton  
Peeter Berloe (?)  
Tho. Wright  
Richard Myles  
Jo. Cooke  
Samuell Simpson  
Richard Curson (? Cruson)  
Robert Tilles  
Edmund Nottingham  
Matthew Bevis  
Martain Martains  
Miles Morley  
Thomas Woods  
Will: Taylor  
Will: Robinson  
James Cooke  
Edward Mason  
Morgan Bilby  
Thomas Barker  
William Newman, junr.  
Saml. Hasbart  
Samuell Jolley (? Jelley)  
Walter Gotterson  
David Rix  
John Elmes  
Thomas Brooke  
William Browne  
Samuell Barny  
Steven Cooper  
Xtopher Stubbs  
John Pidgon

Nicholas Coppin  
John Gedge  
Thomas Britif  
Joseph Nobbes  
William Frosdicke

## (3)

Robert Hogell  
Thomas Burnet  
Thomas Gilstin (? Gibeson or  
Gibson)  
Gorg Gaye (?)



## Index of Names in Transcript.

- |                                      |                                    |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Adkins, Wm. (E3).                    | Barnham, John (C3).                | Billingsby (? ley), Robert (F1).         |
| Agis, Andru (B1).                    | Barnham, Thomas (B1).              | Blackhead, junior, John (B3).            |
| Albond, Nich. (H1).                  | Barnham, Wm. (B1).                 | Blackmere, Wm. (E1).                     |
| Alden, Charles (A5).                 | Barny, Samuel (H2).                | Blackmore, Thomas (C1).                  |
| Aldham, Wm. (D1).                    | Barton, senior, James (B1).        | Blenerhaysett, Edward (A4).              |
| Alldred, Austeien (F2).              | Basborn, Henry (A1).               | Blith, John (E1).                        |
| Allen, Tho. (B3).                    | Bateman, Samuel (H1).              | Blofeld, Thomas (E1).                    |
| Ames, John (G1).                     | Batt, sen. (or Salter), John (B1). | Blomfeild, Arthur (G3).                  |
| Amys, Edwd. (G3).                    | Battelle, Will. (D2).              | Bocker (or Barker, or Parker), Jo. (F1). |
| Andru (?), Henrii (B1).              | Baxtar (?), John (D2).             | Bockin, Robt. (E2).                      |
| Anguish, Edward (G2).                | Beales, Willyam (C1).              | Bocking, Robert (B2).                    |
| Armenter (? Parmenter), Adryan (B1). | Beckham, John (C1).                | Bokenham, Hugh (C1).                     |
| Armes, Will. (E2).                   | Beckham, Robert (D2).              | Boner (?), John (C3).                    |
| Armes, William (D1).                 | Becraft, Tho. (E2).                | Booth, Thomas (C2).                      |
| Armiger, William (A5).               | Bedingfeild, L. (or Hy.) (A2).     | Borman, Edm. (B1).                       |
| Astley, Jacob (A2).                  | Bedingfeild, Phillipp (A5).        | Boult, Thomas (C1).                      |
| Athill, John (B3).                   | Bedingfeild, Jun., Phillipp (A5).  | Boytar (or Baxtar), John (D2).           |
| Athow, John (B3).                    | Bence (or Boner), John (C3).       | Bradford, John (E1).                     |
| Atkyns, John (G3).                   | Bendish, Robt. (B2).               | Brage, Wm. (A2).                         |
| Attelse, Edward (G1).                | Bendish, Junr., Rob. (D2).         | Brage, Wm. (A5).                         |
| Attelsey (younger), Edward (G1).     | Bennett (or Connott), Walter (F1). | Brampton, Henry (E2).                    |
| Attilsey, William (E1).              | Bensley, Robert (C2).              | Breese (or Roose), William (A5).         |
| Ayer, Tho. (A4).                     | Bensly, Gabriel (H1).              | Brereton, William (A4).                  |
| Bacon, Butts (A4).                   | Benter, Tho. (F1).                 | Brett, Joseph (C1).                      |
| Bacon, Edm. (A4).                    | Berloe (?), Peeter (H2).           | Breveter, James (B1).                    |
| Baily, Henry (F2).                   | Berney, Tho. (A3).                 | Briggs, Aug. (E1).                       |
| Baist, Abra. (E2).                   | Berny, Jo (?) (A1).                | Briggs, James (H1).                      |
| Baist, Edward (H1).                  | Berton, Robert (H2).               | Bristo, John (H1).                       |
| Baker, Henry (E3).                   | Bever (?), Jonathan (C3).          | Britif, Thomas (H2).                     |
| Baker, James (G1).                   | Beverly, Micha. (C1).              | Brockden, James (C3).                    |
| Baker, John (E2).                    | Beverly, Rich. (G3).               | Brogden, Benjamin (G2).                  |
| Baldocke, Robt. (A3).                | Bevis, Matthew (H2).               | Brooke, Richard (D1).                    |
| Balles, Will. (D1).                  | Bickerdik, Nicho. (D2).            | Brooke, Thomas (H2).                     |
| Bancks (?), Richard (F2).            | Bilby, Morgan (H2).                | Brooke, William (C2).                    |
| Barker (?), Jo. (F1).                | Bilham, Nicholas (B3).             | Brooke, William (E1).                    |
| Barker, Tho. (D1).                   |                                    |  |
| Barker, Thomas (H2).                 |                                    |  |

- Broome, Robert (E1).  
 Broughton, Tho. (E2).  
 Browne, Elias (B2).  
 Browne, Jo. (G3).  
 Browne, John (G2).  
 Browne, Sam. (G1).  
 Browne, Tho. (A4).  
 Browne, Thomas (B2).  
 Browne, Thomas (E2).  
 Browne, Wm. (A1).  
 Browne, William (H2).  
 Bryant, John (D2).  
 Bucher, Hen. (G2).  
 Bullocke, gent., Edm. (C2).  
 Bullocke, William (C1).  
 Bunsdell, Robert (H2).  
 Burgesse, Robert (F2).  
 Burghill, Tho. (B2).  
 Burgis, Thos. (F2).  
 Burlington, William (B3).  
 Burnet, Thomas (H3).  
 Burr, Daniell (A3).  
 Burrell, Rich. (G3).  
 Busey, John (A2).  
 Busey, Tho. (H2).  
 Butcher, Steven (A3).  
 Buttevant, Peter (A4).  
 Buttolf (or Burtoff), Robert (F1).  
 Buxton, John (A2).  
 Cady (?), Tho. (D1).  
 Canham, Geo. (G2).  
 Carver, Jo. (G2).  
 Catelyn, Ric. (A5).  
 Catelyn, Tho. (A5).  
 Cates, Abraham (G3).  
 Cawston, Robeart (?) (E2).  
 Chamberleyne, E. (A3).  
 Chapman, John (A2).  
 Chapman, Nicholas (C2).  
 Chapman, Robert (A3).  
 Chow (?), John (E1).  
 Church, Austin (C2).  
 Church, B. (B1).  
 Church, Peter (H1).  
 Church, Thomas (A3).  
 Cippen, Edward (E2).  
 Clarke, Francis (B3).  
 Clarke, Richard (C3).  
 Clarke, Richard (D1).  
 Claxon, Tho. (F1).  
 Clayton, John (B3).  
 Clayton, Kill (?) (or Will.) (C3).  
 Clayton, William (B1).  
 Cleere (?), John (B1).  
 Clerk, Robt. (D1).  
 Club, John (H1).  
 Cobs (or Coke), Hen. (G2).  
 Cock, Chr. (A4).  
 Cock, Edmond (B2).  
 Cock, G. (B3).  
 Cockey (?), Mark (E1).  
 Coke (?), Hy. (G2).  
 Coldham (?), George (B1).  
 Collinges, J. (B2).  
 Coman (erased), Robert (F1).  
 Complin, Richard (E2).  
 Cooke, Anthonie (F1).  
 Cooke, Edmond (D1).  
 Cooke, Edmund (G3).  
 Cooke, Henry (A3).  
 Cooke, James (H2).  
 Cooke, Jo. (H2).  
 Cooke, Richard (B2).  
 Cooke, Rich. (G1).  
 Cooke, Robt. (H1).  
 Cooke, senr., Wm. (A2).  
 Cooke, Wm. (A4).  
 Cooper, John (D1).  
 Cooper, John (F2).  
 Cooper, John (H1).  
 Cooper, Steven (H2).  
 Coper, John (F2).  
 Coppin, Nicholas (H2).  
 Coppin, Peter (A5).  
 Copping, Thomas (B3).  
 Corie, Fr. (A4).  
 Cornwaleys, senr., John (A2).  
 Cornwaleys, John (B3).  
 Cornwaleys, Tho. (B3).  
 Corye, Thomas (B2).  
 Cosnold, Jo. (B2).  
 Couldham, Richard (C1).  
 Cowper, Isaac (C2).  
 Cradock, John (E2).  
 Cradock, Nevill (E3).  
 Crane, Jo. (E3).  
 Crane, Tho. (B1).  
 Crickmore, John (F1).  
 Cristion (?), John (C2).  
 Cronne, John (E1).  
 Cropp (?), Will. (B2).  
 Croshold, Alex. (C3).  
 Crow, John (F2).  
 Crowe (?), John (D1).  
 Crowe, Rog. (G2).  
 Cruson (?), Richard (H2).  
 Cubitt, Will. (C2).  
 Cullyer, Edmund (D2).  
 Cullyer, Edmund (H1).  
 Curtis, William (G2).  
 Dackett, Joseph (D1).  
 Dale, Geo. (E1).  
 Dale, Lawrence (H1).  
 Dale, Peter (H1).  
 Dale, Richard (E3).  
 Dallison, Hillary (B3).  
 Dallison, William (C2).  
 Dancy (?), John (A3).  
 Daubney, Edward (H2).  
 Daucy (?), John (A3).  
 Davey (or Dancy), John (A3).  
 David, W. (E2).  
 Davney (or Darney), Robt. (G1).  
 Davy, Jehospat (E2).  
 Davy, John (F1).  
 Dawney, Jo. (G1).  
 Dawney, Nicholas (F1).  
 Dawson, Anthony (F2).  
 Day, Timothe (A2).  
 Deane, Edward (H2).  
 Deane, Tho. (E3).  
 Deane, Thomas (H1).  
 Deene, Francis (G2).  
 De Grey, James (A4).  
 Dennes, Henry (D1).  
 Denny, Edw. (A3).  
 Denton, John (G2).  
 Derring (?), Abraham (C3).  
 Dexter, John (H1).  
 Dickerson, Francis (E1).

- Dickes, John (F2).  
 Dimond, Robard (C1).  
 Dimond, Roberd (C1).  
 Doughty, Tho. (B3).  
 Dover, Daniell (E1).  
 Dower, snr., Daniel (E2).  
 Doyly, Hen. (C3).  
 D'oyly, Will. (A2).  
 Drake, Thomas (G2).  
 Drury, Anthony (A3).  
 Drury, John (A1).  
 Drury, Robert (A5).  
 Duckett, Joseph (D1).  
 Duffing (?), Tho. (H1).  
 Duglas, Jobur (?) or (Robert) (C3).  
 Dussing (or Duffing), Thomas (H1).  
 Dynn (or Pynn), Robert (E3).  
 Earle, John (A4).  
 Eastgate, Ham. (D1).  
 Eaton, Francis (F1).  
 Edwardes, Wm. (C1).  
 Eggleton, Barnibe (F2).  
 Elliott, Roger (F1).  
 Ellis, Thomas (H1).  
 Elmes, John (H2).  
 Elmes, Thomas (E3).  
 Eluin, Will. (G2).  
 Elwin, Tho. (A3).  
 Emerton, Will. (F2).  
 Enton, Peter (C3).  
 Everet, Nicolos (F1).  
 Ewing, Richard (A5).  
 Fassatt, Francis (B2). (*Two signatures.*)  
 Fassett, John (C2).  
 Fayerman, Willyam (F2).  
 Feltham, Tho. (G1).  
 Feltham, Thomas (E1).  
 Fen, Henry (H2).  
 Fenn, John (E2).  
 Fenn, John (G3).  
 Fenn, Richard (B1).  
 Fiddyman, Thomas (C1).  
 Fisher, John (A5).  
 Fitt, William (G2).  
 Fitts, Edward (H1).  
 Forbie, Felix (B2).  
 Forrest, Edm. (B3).  
 Fothergill, William (C1).  
 Fowler, George (A2).  
 Foyle (?), Roger (G1).  
 Framingham, John (D2).  
 Franckling, Will. (C3).  
 Fransham, Robert (E1).  
 Fransham, Tho. (E2).  
 Freeman, Matthew (F1).  
 Freeman, Tho. (B3).  
 Freind, Edmond (H1).  
 Freind (or Frend), Ro. (G3).  
 French, Robt. (A2).  
 Fromanteel, Daniel (G1).  
 Fromou, Samucl (E3).  
 Frosdicke, William (H2).  
 Fryle (or Foyle), Roger (G1).  
 Fulcis (?), Thomas (G1).  
 Futter, Willm. (A4).  
 Futter, Willyam (E1).  
 Futter, Willyam (H1).  
 Gambell, Willyam (H2).  
 Gamble, John (D2).  
 Gardner, Francis (C3).  
 Gardner, Thomas (G1).  
 Garnham, Henry (D2).  
 Gaye, Gorg. (H3).  
 Gedge, John (H2).  
 Genney (or Jenney), George (A2).  
 Gibeson, Thomas (H3).  
 Gibson (?), Thomas (H3).  
 Gierie (?), Robert (H1).  
 Gilstin (or Gibeson, or Gibson), Thomas (H3).  
 Girye, Robert (G1).  
 Glover, Will. (A3).  
 Goaff, Thomas (A3).  
 Goast (or Boast, or Goaff), Thomas (A3).  
 Goddard, John (G3).  
 Godfrey, Ri. (A2).  
 Gooch, Edm. (C2).  
 Gooch, William (A4).  
 Goodwyn, Laurence (B2).  
 Goose, John (D2).  
 Gotterson, Walter (H2).  
 Gournay, Tho. (A4).  
 Gowen, Willyam (F1).  
 Greene, Edw. (G3).  
 Greene, Tho. (B3).  
 Greene, Thomas (G2).  
 Greenwood, Henry (C2).  
 Griggs, Samucl (C2).  
 Grys, Robt. (G1).  
 Gurne (?), Rob. (H1).  
 Guybon, Tho. (A2).  
 Guybon, William (A2).  
 Hall, Geo. (C3).  
 Hall, John (B3).  
 Hambleton, Eleazar (B3).  
 Hamond, Ro. (A3).  
 Hampden, Owen (E1).  
 Hancill, Matheu (F2). (*Two signatures.*)  
 Harding, Matthew (C1).  
 Harding, Thomas (E2).  
 Hardingham, Thomas (A5).  
 Hardy (?), Jeremy (C2).  
 Hardy, Leonard (H1).  
 Hare, John (B2).  
 Hare, Ra. (A3).  
 Hare, William (A2).  
 Harmer (or Warmer), Dan. (F2).  
 Harrold, William (C1).  
 Hartley, Will. (B2).  
 Hartstongue, Fin : (C2).  
 Harty (?), Jeremy (C2).  
 Harwood, John (C2).  
 Hasbart, John (F1).  
 Hasbart, Saml. (H2).  
 Hastings, John (F2).  
 Hausard, Eduerd (G2).  
 Havett, Abraham (B3).  
 Havett, John (E1).  
 Hawes, John (C3).  
 Hawes, Jno. (H1).  
 Hawke, John (E1).



- Heaslewood, Will. (C3).  
 Heptostall, James (G3).  
 Herne, Robt. (A5).  
 Herre, Thomas (D2).  
 Hervy (or Harty, or Hardy),  
     Jeremy (C2).  
 Hewytt, William (B1).  
 Heyward, Perry (C2).  
 Hickling, Phillip (F1).  
 Hideman, John (G1).  
 Hill, Anthony (G3).  
 Hill, Phillip (F2).  
 Hill, Protestant (F2).  
 Hill, Robert (B1).  
 Hobart, J. (A3).  
 Hodges, Abel (A2).  
 Hodgnesse, Fr. (G3).  
 Hogell, Robert (H3).  
 Holbey, Henry (C1).  
 Hovell, Roger (G1).  
 Hovell, William (A3).  
 Howard, John (C3).  
 Howard, Robt. (C3).  
 Hudell, John (A2).  
 Hunsloe (or Hunsod),  
     Eduerd (G2).  
 Hunsod (?), Eduerd (G2).  
 Hunston, Tho. (A2).  
 Hunt, Thomas (A4).  
 Hurst, Tho. (C3).  
 Huson, Robert (H2).  
 Hutt, Tho. (? Jno.) (C1).  
 Hutton, Thom. (H1).  
 Hynes, Tho. (E3).  
  
 English, John (E2).  
 Ingram, John (C2).  
  
 Jaques, Will. (H1).  
 Jarvas, Thomas (D2).  
 Jay, Christr. (B1).  
 Jay, John (A4).  
 Jay, Suckl. (A4).  
 Jelley (?), Samuell (H2).  
 Jeney, Edmond (D2).  
 Jenney, Arthur (A2).  
 Jenney (?), Geo. (A2).  
 Jennis, Edmund (G1).  
 Jessopp, Tho. (A4).  
  
 Jessy (?), Thomas (B2).  
 Jesup, Thomas (B2).  
 Jickler (or Ecklar), Ephraim  
     (G3).  
 Johnson, Richard (F2).  
 Johnson, Robart (H1).  
 Johnson, Robert (E3).  
 Johnson, Tho. (B1).  
 Johnson, William (B2).  
 Jolley (?) (or Jelley (?)),  
     Samuell (H2).  
 Jubie, William (D2).  
  
 Keble, Edm. (E3).  
 Kendall (?), Rich. (A3).  
 Kepis (or Repis), Ric. (G3).  
 Kiffin, John (F1).  
 Killborne (?), George (C1).  
 King, George (B3).  
 King, Henry (C2).  
 King, Thomas (F1).  
 King, Will. (C1).  
 Kinges, Francis (B1).  
 Kitchingman, John (D1).  
  
 Lamb, Abraham (H2).  
 Lambe, Tho. (C1).  
 Lambert, Will. (F1).  
 Lambert, William (H1).  
 Lawes, Stephen (E1).  
 Lawrence, John (B1).  
 Leced (or Lorde), Jo. (F1).  
 Lecerly (?), Tho. (B1).  
 Legard, Char. (A1).  
 Le Gros, Tho. (A5).  
 Le Neve, William (B2).  
 Lescaillet, George (D1).  
 L'Estrange, John (A1).  
 L'Estrange, Nicholas (A2).  
 L'Estrange, William (A5).  
 Levansey, Tho. (B2).  
 Leverington, John (D1).  
 Lewes, Tho. (F2).  
 Lightfoote, Andrew (D2).  
 Lillborne (?), Geo. (C1).  
 Lilles (? Lillet), John (D2).  
 Linley, William (C3).  
 Linsey, Edward (H1).  
 Lisle, Willyam (D2).  
  
 Locke, Jno. (C3).  
 Locke, sen., Will. (G2).  
 Locke, Jun., Will. (E3).  
 Love, Gorge (C1).  
 Lovedy, Robert (H1).  
 Lowe, John (B2).  
 Lowe, Tho. (F2).  
 Ludlam, Peter (F2).  
 Lullman, John (F1).  
 Lullman (?), Rog. (C3).  
 Lulman, Mihill (G1).  
  
 Man, John (B1).  
 Manser, Daniell (B1).  
 Manser, John (G1).  
 Mansuer, Roger (A4).  
 March, Robt. (A1).  
 Marcon, Matthew (F2).  
 Martains, Martain (H2).  
 Martin, Thomas (B3).  
 Martyn, John (A4).  
 Masham, Henry (H1).  
 Mason, Edward (H2).  
 Mason, Will. (C2).  
 Massam, Henry (H1).  
 Matlis, Tho. (E3).  
 Meede (or More), Christopher  
     (F1).  
 Meeke, William (B2).  
 Melchior, John (B1).  
 Melling, Richard (H1).  
 Methwold, Wm. (A2).  
 Midleditch, Jo. (F1).  
 Miles, Edw. (A3).  
 Miles, Rich. (E3).  
 Miles, Rich. (F2).  
 Mingay, Anthony (C3).  
 Mingay, Jo. (A4).  
 Mingay, John (C2).  
 Moore, Anthony (D1).  
 Moore, John (G3).  
 More, Benjamin (F1).  
 More, Christopher (F1).  
 More, John (F1).  
 Morley, Martin (D1).  
 Morley, Miles (H2).  
 Morrant, Joseph (E3).  
 Morrant, Richard (C3).  
 Morton, John (A3).

- Mottram, John (B3).  
 Moyses, Wm. (G2).  
 Mundford, Henry (H1).  
 Mundy, Edward (H1).  
 Myett, Richard (D1).  
 Myett, Robert (F2).  
 Myles, Rich. (G3).  
 Myles, Richard (H2).  
 Myles, Tho. (C3).  
 Myles, Wm. (G1).  
  
 Nelson, Brian (C2).  
 Nerford, James (B3).  
 Neve, Oliver (A3).  
 Neve, Thomas (B3).  
 Newce, Tho. (B3).  
 Newham, Nicholas (D2).  
 Newhowse, Jona. (C2).  
 Newman, junr., William (H2).  
 Newton, Richard (D2).  
 Newton, Thomas (B2).  
 Nicholls, John (G1).  
 Nobbes, Joseph (H2).  
 Nockold, Amanuell (C1).  
 Norgate, John (C2).  
 Norge (?), Rich. (F1).  
 Norreys (?) (or Nowell), William (C2).  
 Norris, Fr. (B3).  
 Norris, Jeremy (D2).  
 Nottingham, Edm. (E1).  
 Nottingham, Edmund (H2).  
 Nowell (?), Wm. (C2).  
  
 Okeley, Anthony (B3).  
 Oldome, John (C3).  
 Oliver, Tho. (C2).  
 Osborne, se., Edward (B2).  
 Osborne, ju., Edward (B2).  
 Osborne, John (B1).  
 Osborne, Leonard (C3).  
 Osborne, Robert (B1).  
 Osborne, Tho. (C3).  
 Osborne, Tho. (E3).  
 Outlaw, Tho. (E1).  
  
 Paine, junr., Joseph (B2).  
 Palgrave, J. (A1).  
 Palgrave, John (A2).  
 Pallant, Will. (C2).  
 Palmer, Henry (E2).  
 Parmenter, Adryan (B1).  
 Parmenter, Henry (H1).  
 Parmenter, William (B1).  
 Payne, Adrian (B3).  
 Pearetree, Robert (F2).  
 Peart, Richard (H1).  
 Peartre, Thomas (E2).  
 Pechard (?), Robt. (C3).  
 Peck (or Peek), Jas. (A5).  
 Pell, William (A1).  
 Pendleton, Henry (G2).  
 Penke (?), George (F1).  
 Pepys, Edward (A3).  
 Pepys, Thomas (F2).  
 Pepys, Thomas (G3).  
 Peruman, Arthur (H2).  
 Pettus, Tho. (A5).  
 Pidgon, John (H2).  
 Pierson, John (E2).  
 Pinder, George (F2).  
 Playford, John (E3).  
 Pleasant, Robert (C1).  
 Plowman, Jo. (E3).  
 Pointer, William (F1).  
 Pomfret, James (C2).  
 Porland, Henry (A1).  
 Porland (or Pechard), Robt. (C3).  
 Porter, J. (A5).  
 Preston, I. (or J.) (A4).  
 Prime, Peter (B3).  
 Prittyman, Tho. (E2).  
 Punder, —ard (C2).  
 Pycroft, John (B3).  
 Pycroft, Joshua (D1).  
 P . . . atone (?) (or Pearetree), Robert (F2).  
  
 R . . . . ., John (C1).  
 Raffe, Tho. (B2).  
 Randall, W. (A3).  
 Randall (?), Wm. (D1).  
 Rant, jun., Humphrey (B3).  
 Rant, John (D2).  
 Rant, Tho. (A4).  
 Rant, Wm. (A1).  
 Rayley, John (B1).  
 Rayley, Willm. (E2).  
 Reames, John (G1).  
 Rendall (or Randall), William (D1).  
 Repis (?), Richd. (G3).  
 Richardson, Robt. (E2).  
 Richardson, Tho. (See Rychardson, Tho.)  
 Richis, John (F1).  
 Ridgemon (?), Tho. (F1).  
 Rix, David (H2).  
 Robines, John (H1).  
 Robins, John (B2).  
 Robins, Willm. (A3).  
 Robinson, Leonard (G3).  
 Robinson, Roger (C1).  
 Robinson, Will. (H2).  
 Roll, Daniell (D1).  
 Roockwood, Ed. (A4).  
 Rookewood, William (A2).  
 Roope, Rt. (B3).  
 Roose (?), W. (A5).  
 Rose, Steven (E2).  
 Rote, Abraham (C3).  
 Rudd, Thomas (C3).  
 Rudland, Richard (D2).  
 Rudland, Robert (C2).  
 Rudland, Willm. (C2).  
 Rutland, William (C2).  
 Rychardson, Tho. (A2).  
 R . . mer, John (B2).  
  
 Sadd, John (E2).  
 Sadler, Samuel (A2).  
 St. John, Roger (A1).  
 Salmon, Mathew (F1).  
 Salter, Henry (E3).  
 Salter (?), John (B1).  
 Sanderson, James (C2).  
 Sarson, John (C3).  
 Savory, Wm. (G3).  
 Scamler, John (B1).  
 Scarlett, Tho. (F2).  
 Scott, Hugh (F2).  
 Scott, Thomas (G2).  
 Scrivener, Peter (E3).  
 Seaffrey, Robert (C1).

- Sedgwicke (or Sedgwicks), Henery (F2).  
 Seething, Tho. (A4).  
 Sendall (or Kendall), Richard (A3).  
 Sewell, Robert (D2).  
 Shanke, Dan (B1).  
 Shardelow, Thomas (A4).  
 Shardelowe, Hen. (A2).  
 Sharingham, Edmund (A5).  
 Sheffield, Paffreeman (B2).  
 Sheldrake, William (B3).  
 Simpson, Samuel (H2).  
 Sinyard (or Vinyard), Thomas (D2).  
 Sisle (?), Willyam (D2).  
 Skelton, Thomas (H1).  
 Skinner, Daniell (H1).  
 Smethy, Geo. (E1).  
 Smith, Henry (F1).  
 Smith, Na. (F1).  
 Smith, Richard (C3).  
 Smith, Tho. (A2).  
 Smyth, Barth. (H1).  
 Smyth, Lyonell (G1).  
 Smyth, Peetter (?) (D2).  
 Smyth, Sam. (A4).  
 Smyth, Thomas (H1).  
 Snalewell, Francis (E1).  
 Snowden, Jonathan (D1).  
 Sotherton, Aug. (A2).  
 Sotherton, John (C2).  
 Sotherton, John (G3).  
 Sotherton, Matthyas (D1).  
 Sowter, Brathwight (B3).  
 Speding, Tho. (C2).  
 Spelman, Roger (A3).  
 Spencly, Francis (A1).  
 Spendlove, John (B1).  
 Spillman (?), Rog. (C3).  
 Spink, Tho. (F1).  
 Spore, Roger (D1).  
 Stacey, William (C2).  
 Stallworthy, John (E2).  
 Stanhawe, Rog. (D1).  
 Stanhawe, William (C2).  
 Stanton, W. (A3).  
 Starling, Will. (F1).  
 Stebbyn, Edw. (?) (B2).
- Sterling (or Starling), Robt. (B2).  
 Stevenson, Thomas (H2).  
 Stone, Tho. (A2).  
 Stubbs, Xtopher (H2).  
 Style, Anthony (C3).  
 Style, John (E3).  
 Suckling (?), Robt. (A2).  
 Sutton, Peter (G2).  
 Swann, William (B2).  
 Sydnor, Henry (B2).  
 Symonds, sen., George, (G1).  
 Symonds, James (F2).  
 Symonds, William (D2).
- Tabor, John (C2).  
 Tadman, Richard (F2).  
 Taise (? Tarse), Abraham (A3).  
 Tate, Abraham (G1).  
 Taylere, Robert (A2).  
 Taylor, Wm. (E2).  
 Taylor, Will (H2).  
 Thacker, Matthew (B1).  
*(Two signatures.)*  
 Thacker, Robert (C3).  
 Thacker, Tho. (E2).  
 Tiler, Edward (C1).  
 Tilles, Robart (H2).  
 Tilney, Ma. (G3).  
 Tilney, Tho. (G3).  
 Thirckle, Phillip (H1).  
 Thorisby, Fran. (A4).  
 Thrower, Thomas (F2).  
 Thurgar, Jo. (D1).  
 Thurloe, Richard (E1).  
 Thurstone, Hamo. (D1).  
 Todd, Jo<sup>n</sup>. (A3).  
 Toffen, John (C1).  
 Tompson, Hen. (G2).  
 Tompson, Robert (F1).  
 Tooke, Edward (C2).  
 Tooke, Will. (G2).  
 Topcliffe, Andrew (A4).  
 Topcliffe, Edmond (A4).  
 Tostocke, Hen. (B3).  
 Tottnell (?), J. (F1).  
 Tottnell (?), John (F1).
- Tounesend, Sampson (D1).  
 Tovey (?), Thomas (E2).  
 Townshend, H. (A4).  
 Townshend, Tho. (A4).  
 Tracy, John (A4).  
 True, Nicholas (H1).  
 True, Robert (G2).  
 Tubbing, Edward (E3).  
 Tunney, Ben. (G3).  
 Turgoose, Tho. (F1).  
 Tuthill, Jo. (A4).  
 Tyler, Robert (C2).
- Ulfe, John (H1).  
 Veer (?), Peter (H1).  
 Verdon, Samuel (E2).
- Walpole, Edward (A3).  
 Wanton (or Hanton, or Stanton), W. (A3).  
 Ward, John (D1).  
 Ward, Ra. (A5).  
 Ward, Thomas (B3).  
 Warde, Geo. (B2).  
 Warde, Tho. (B2).  
 Warmer (?), Dan. (F2).  
 Warnes, Robert (E3).  
 Warren, Rich. (G1).  
 Warren, Thomas (D1).  
 Wasse, George (C1).  
 Watlin, Daniell (H1).  
 Watten (?), Thomas (D2).  
 Wattling, Ben. (F1).  
 Watts, sen., Henry (B1).  
 Watts, John (D1).  
 Watts, Robert (G1).  
 Weedes, William (F1).  
 Weeds, Edmond (D2).  
 Wells, George (F1).  
 Wells, Robert (F1).  
 Wells, Robert (G1).  
 Wenman, Junior, Richard (B2).  
 Wenman, Robert (G1).  
 Westhorpe, J. (G2).  
 Weston, Francis (C1).  
 Weston, junior, William (C1).



Weston, Will. (C1).	Woades (?), Jeamese (D2).	Wormall, Tho. (C2).
Wharton, John (D1).	Wolf (?), John (A3).	Wright, Henry (H1).
Wheatley, Jo. (E2).	Wolfe (?), Tho. (C1).	Wright, John (G1).
Whitbread, Moses (G2).	Wolse (or Wolfe), Thomas	Wright, John (G3).
Wilde, Jno. (H1).	(C1).	Wright, Richard (H1).
Wilde, Tho. (A1).	Wood, Fr. (G2).	Wright, Tho. (F2).
Williamson, Anthony (A1).	Woodhouse, Phillip (A3).	Wright, Tho. (H2).
Williamson, Owin (C3).	Woodhouse, Thomas (E3).	Wright, Thomas (C1).
Willson, William (E1).	Woodrowe (?), William (C2).	Wright, Thomas (E1).
Windham, John (A2).	Woods, Austin (H1).	Wrongrey, John (E3).
Wingfeld, Jeremey (F2).	Woods, Hen. (A3).	Wythe, Roger (C1).
Wise, Edm. (A5).	Woods, Henry (G1).	
Wisse, Tho. (B1).	Woods, John (C3).	Yallop, Robt. (A3).
Witherley, Edm. (A5).	Woods, John (D1).	Youll, Henry (C2).
Witherley, Tho. (A4).	Woods, Thomas (H2).	Younges, John (E1).
Witherly, Will. (F2).	Woodward, Robt. (E3).	Youngs, Thomas (D2).



Biographical Notes on such of those who  
signed the Address as can be identified

By

WALTER RYE.

---

I regret that I have been unable to identify more of the eight hundred odd persons who signed the Address, but I have done all I can. The references—A5, B3, etc.—are to the sheets and their columns as shown on the *facsimiles* and on the transcript (pp. 29-36), which is prefixed to this, and which will show the reader where to find the actual *facsimile* of each signature. I am greatly obliged to Mr. F. Johnson and Mr. F. R. Beecheno for having gone through and checked my transcript with the original MS., and hope that the result may be found approximately correct, though many of the signatures are vilely written, and some are not decipherable.

Much help has also been given me in trying to identify the signatures by the Rev. T. R. Holley, and on many points by Mr. Geo. A. Stephen, the active and energetic City Librarian, to whom is due the credit of suggesting and greatly assisting the publication of this volume.

The Address seems to have chiefly emanated from Norwich, for over fifty men who had been, or were afterwards to be, Mayors and Sheriffs of the City signed it, whereas only one or two signed who were connected with Yarmouth or Lynn, and none with Thetford or Castle Rising.

One can get some idea as to who were the active promoters of the address from the fact that fifty-seven members of seven families only signed it, viz. Cooke or Coke 11, Browne 9, Smith 9, Wright 8, Osborne 7, Miles 7, and Woods 6.

The absence of the names of any such prominent families as Calthorpe, Gawdy, Heydon, Jerningham, Kemp, Knyvett, Layer, Paston, Pratt, Skelton, and Skippon is curious.



Those who are interested in the study of the Cromwellian period, may be glad to know that in the Public Library at Norwich there are not only the Domestic State Papers of the period, the Calendars for Compounding, etc., but a collection of 193 books bearing on the period (a list of which will be found on pp. 65-69), of which 89 volumes, presented by me, were accumulated when I contemplated a new edition of Cromwell's Letters.

WALTER RYE.

Lammas, Buxton,

Norfolk,

March 8th, 1913.

---

### BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES.

*The forty-five names to which an asterisk (\*) is prefixed are those which were thought by the compiler of the printed Broad Sheet to be the most important men who signed the Address, referred to in Mr. le Strange's Introduction. It is noteworthy that in the printed Broad Sheet there occur five names (Adrian Parmenter, Edmund Burman, John Andrews, John Hovile, and Robt. Holmes) who did not sign the Address now printed. It is possible their names and support were obtained after the Address was signed.*

ALDEN, Chas. (A5). A lay clerk of the Cathedral, 1692.

ALLEN, Tho. (B3). Possibly connected with the Richd. Allen of Tuttington, a Royalist who was implicated in the Aylsham Insurrection of 1693.

\*ANDREWS, John. Alderman of Norwich. His name is not on the present Address, but on the printed Broad Sheet.

In 1649 he proclaimed the Act for abolishing kingly Government (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 399).

ANGUISH, Edwd. (G2). Probably relation of John Anguish, Mayor of Norwich, 1635. He was a Royalist Compounder (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 315), and lived at Great Melton. Surrendered at Gloucester (*ib.* p. 282).

ARMENTER, ADRYAN (B1). This is surely Adrian Parmenter (see *post*). Why he should have signed this document is hard to say.





Sir Jacob Astley.



ARMIGER, Wm. (A5). A John Armiger was a Royalist prisoner in 1655.

\*ASTLEY, Sir Jacob (A2). In the printed Broad Sheet his name is misprinted John. Created baronet 1660. High Sheriff 1663.

Sir Francis Astley had been High Sheriff 1638, and was on the Compounding Committee (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 314).

ATHILL, John (E3). Probably of the family at Foulsham, where Major-General Skippon, the Parliamentarian, had a house.

ATHOW, John (B3). A Royalist of Beechamwell, and one of those who compounded (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 315).

ATKYNs, Jno. (G3). Probably connected with Tho. Atkyns, M.P. for Norwich 1640, who in 16 Charles I. was elected for the City but not admitted to sit (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 398).

\*BACON, Butts (A4). He was of Mildenhall, in Suffolk. Son of Sir Nichols. Bacon, premier bart., by Anne, daughter and heiress of Edmund Butts, of Thornage. He was of Mildenhall, and was also created a baronet 1627, and died 1661. Or he may have been the Butts Bacon (a son of Robt. Bacon, of Redgrave, died 1655) who married Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Tracey, of Stanhow. Probably the latter, as I see John Tracey signed the Petition (A4).

\*BACON, Edmund (A4). Sir Edmd. Bacon brother of the last d.s.p. 1649, so cannot be the signer, who was probably Sir Edmund Bacon, of Redgrave, who died 1685.

BAKER, Hy. (E3) and Jas. (G1). Were probably related to Thos. Baker, the Mayor of Norwich in 1636, who was on the Parliamentarian Sub-Committee of 1643, and one of those deputed to seize malignants' houses.

BALDOCKE, Rob. (A3). Was one of the Commissioners for the Monthly Assessments in Norwich in 1656 (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 323). Afterwards Recorder of Yarmouth in 1660. Knighted by Charles II. when he visited Yarmouth in 1671. One of the judges at the trial of the Seven Bishops and a Judge of the King's Bench in 1688.

BANCKS (?), Richd. (F2). Possibly a misreading for Bangs, as Richd. Bangs was Sheriff of Norwich in 1577.

BARKER, Thos. (D1 and H2). May have been connected with Sir Edwd. Barker, who is said to have been a Royalist, and nearly captured Cromwell in 1643 (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 386).

BARNHAM, Wm. (B1). Mayor of Norwich 1652. (? M.P. for Norwich 1659 and 1660.) He died 1675. Removed from office of Alderman in 1662. His portrait is in the Council Chamber. Two others of his name, John (C2) and Thos. (B1), also signed.

BECKHAM, John (C1). He was perhaps the John "Berkham" mentioned as being on the Associated Counties Committee in 1643.

BEDINGFIELD, H. (A2). Sir Hy. Bedingfield was a great Royalist, as were his sons Thos. and Hy., who served in the Royalist Army.

He had been High Sheriff in 1623. The "Hy." who signed was the second son, who married Margt. Paston and had to fly beyond seas, and died 1685. At the Restoration he gave to Charles II. at his request a memo. stating that his family had spent and lost £45,000 in the King's cause.

BEDINGFIELD, Philip (A5). He was M.P. for Norfolk in 1654.

„ „ Jun. (A5). His son.

One of the two was on the Associated Counties Committee of 1643 and on the Compounding Committee (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 314).

A Colonel W. Bedingfield, of Ashill, was a Royalist, and a prisoner in 1655.

\*BENDISH, Robt. (B2). Appointed Alderman at Restoration. Sheriff of Norwich 1663 and Mayor 1672.

BENDISH, Rob., Jun. (D2). Probably of Yarmouth, where a Thos. Bendish had been bailiff in 1656, who married Bridget, daughter of O. Cromwell in 1670, and died 1707.

\*BERNEY, Thos. (A3). Of Swardeston. Was High Sheriff 1646-7. He was younger brother of the first baronet Richd. of Reedham.

BEVERLEY, Michael (C1). Sheriff of Norwich 1684 and Mayor 1692; died 1710.

BICKERDIKE, Nichs. (D2). Sheriff of Norwich in 1687, when he was displaced by James I.

BLOFELD, Thos. (E1). M.P. for Norfolk 1689.

BLOMFELD, Arthur (G3). Probably related to Augustine Blomfield, of Norwich, who was a Royalist Compounder (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 316).







Augustine Briggs, Esq.  
Mayor of Norwich 1670, - M. P. for Norwich. 1677.

- BOKENHAM, Hugh (C1). Sheriff of Norwich 1673. Mayor 1681.
- BORMAN (or BURMAN), Edm. (B1). Sheriff of Norwich 1632 and Mayor 1648. He was made a J.P. in the Palace and Precincts in 1649.
- BRADFORD, John (E1). Probably of Yarmouth, where Tho. Bradford was bailiff 1675.
- BRAMPTON, Hy. (E2). Probably the Hy. Brampton, son of Gawdy Brampton, of Blo Norton, who sold the estate.
- BRERETON, W. (A4). Sheriff of Norwich 1705, or his father.
- BRIGGS, Augustine (E1). A great Royalist; said to have been at the siege of Lynn. Sheriff of Norwich in 1660, Mayor 1670, M.P. 1678, 1679, and 1681. His portrait is in the Council Chamber.
- BRITIF, Thos. (H2). Possibly of the family settled at Cley of Mr. Simon Britiff; was alive in 1673.
- BROCKDEN, Jas. (C3). Sheriff of Norwich 1679.
- BROOKE, Wm. (E1 and C2). Probably one of them was the man who signed the Petition as to the Mayor just before in 1648.
- BROWNE, Elias (B2). Sheriff of Norwich 1660.
- BROWNE, Thos. (A4). { One of them may possibly have been the  
 „ Thos. (B2). { Philosopher, who d. 1682, who was resi-  
 „ Thos. (E2). { dent in Norwich 1660. Another Thos.  
 Browne, of Tacolneston, d. 1688.
- BROWNE, Wm. (A1). Mayor of Norwich 1630. The fact of his also signing the Petition goes in favour of my theory ("Norfolk Anti-quarian Miscellany," second series, 1906, pp. 83-85) that it was his relationship which brought Sir Thos. Browne to Norwich.
- \*BURMAN, Edwd. No doubt same as Mr. Edmund Borman (see *ante*) and the Mr. Burman, of Christ Church, Sheriff of Norwich 1632 and Mayor in 1648. His name occurs in the printed list but not in this MS. Address. Removed from office of Alderman in 1662.
- BURR, Daniel (A3). The Burrs were strong Royalists at Aylsham, where he was Constable, and Burgh, where Mr. Lawrence Burr, of Skeyton, still holds his ancestors' estates and is one of the few lineal descendants of Royalists now in the county. Was a Royalist Compounder (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 316).
- BUSSEY, John (A2). } Probably connected with the Wm. Bussey who  
 „ Thos. (H2). } was Sheriff of Norwich 1612 and Mayor in 1633.



\*BUXTON, John (A2). He was of Tibenham and High Sheriff in 1638, when he was ordered to collect the Ship money. A member of the Associated Counties Committee of 1643 and M.P. for Norfolk 1656, and was one of the excluded, or non-approved, members in that year. Nathl. Buxton, of Tibenham, was son of John, and a Royalist Compounder (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 316).

CARVER, Jo. (G2). Probably related to Thos. Carver, Mayor of Norwich 1641, whose portrait is in the Council Chamber.

\*CATELYN, Richd. (A5). M.P. for Norwich 1640. He was one of the Deputy-Lieutenants for the City and an active Parliamentarian in 1642, and sat in the Long Parliament; disallowed to sit 1645. He died 1662.

CHAMBERLEYNE, E. (A3). One of the Associated Counties Committee of 1640.

CHAPMAN, John (A2). Sheriff of Norwich 1601. Mayor of Thetford 1630.

CHURCH, B. (B1). Probably Bernard Church, Member of the Associated Counties Committee of 1643. Sheriff of Norwich 1644, Mayor 1651, M.P. 1654-6.

CLARKE, Richd. (D1 and C3). Probably the — Clarke, of Gaywood, one of the Associated Counties Committee of 1643.

COCK, Chrstr. (A4).	{	Probably related to Francis Cock, Mayor of Norwich 1613, Sheriff 1617, and Mayor 1627, and to Chas. Geo. Cock, of Yarmouth, M.P. there 1656-9, who in 1654 was one of the Committee for Scandalous Ministry.
„ Edmond (B2).		
„ G. (B3).		

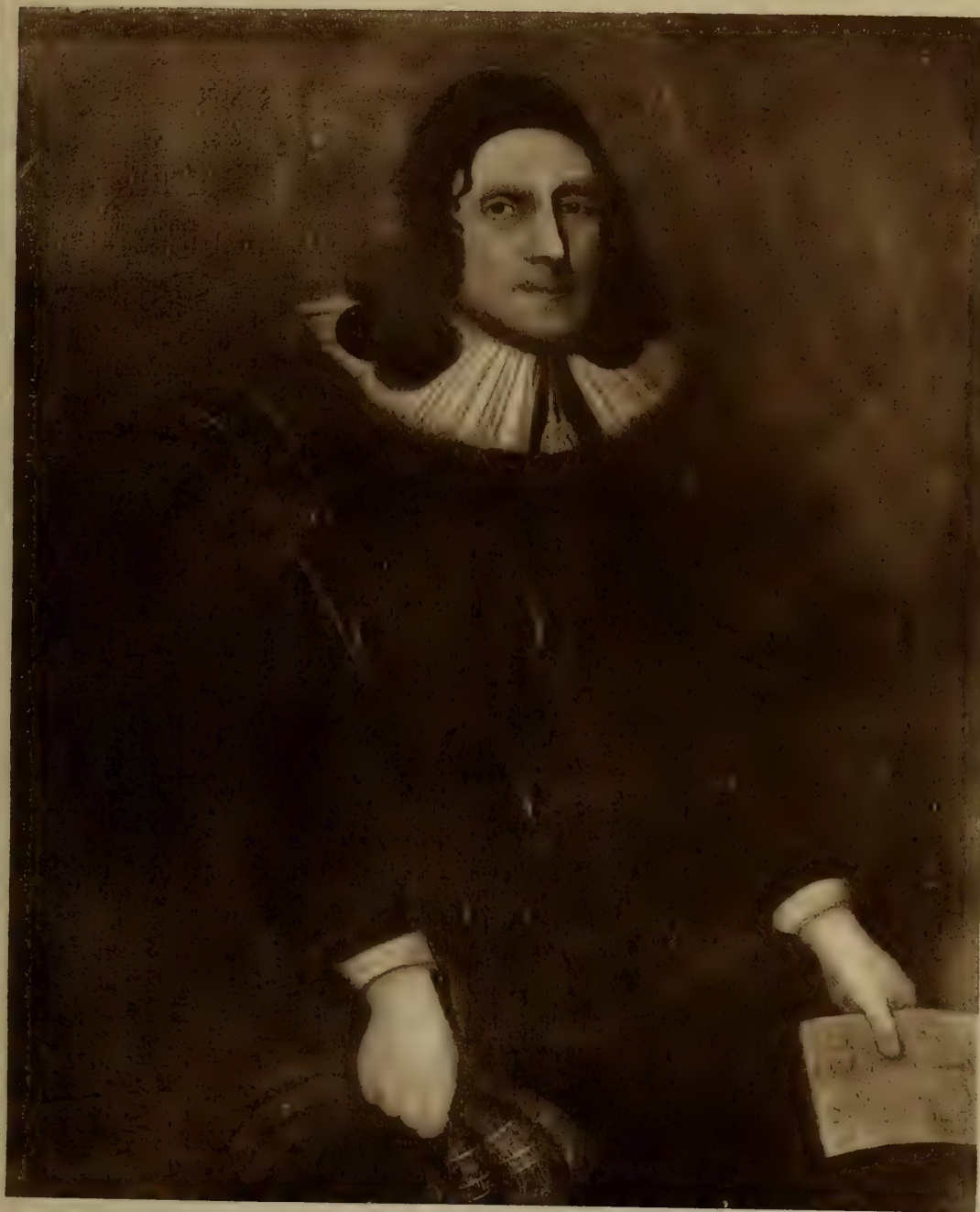
COLDHAM (?), Geo. (B1). Rich. Coldham was Sheriff of Norwich in 1655.

COLLINGES, J. (B2). Perhaps the Mr. Collings who in 1648 moved for a day of thanksgiving for the suppression of the Royalist plot see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 396). Probably the John Collinges, minister of S. Stephen's, Norwich, 1653-60 and of S. Saviour's 1646-53.

COOKE. Some of the eleven signees of this name may be Cokes, of which name John Coke, of Goodwick, was High Sheriff in 1643.

Jo. Cooke (H2) was on the 1643 Parliamentary Committee, and from the great number of signatures of this name (two more





Barnard Church, Esq. 1654; Mayor 1651; M.P. 1656.



than any other name), the Cooke family may have been the promoters of the Petition.

Coke, John, was one of the proposed Knights of the Royal Oak (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 327).

COOKE, W., Sen. (A2). Is no doubt the Wm. Cooke, of Goodwick, who was High Sheriff in 1647 and created a baronet in 1663.

COOKE, W. (A4). Mayor of Norwich 1689.

COOPER, John (D1). Sheriff of Norwich 1657.

„	John (F2).	} Probably his relations.
„	John (H1).	
„	Steven (H2).	

CORNWALEYS, Jno., Sen. (A2).	} These were no doubt of the family of Cornwallis, of Brome, a branch of which was at Buxton, Norfolk.
„ John (B3).	
„ Thos. (B3).	

Some of the family lived in Chapel Field House. Francis Cornwallis, of Beeston, was a Royalist Compounder (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 317).

CORY, Fr. (A4). Recorder of Norwich 1642-3, 1643-4, and 1661-2. His son-in-law, Tho. Outlaw, also signed.

CORY, Tho. (B2). Had been Mayor of Norwich 1628.

A John Corey had been Treasurer for the Sequestration in 1643 (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 299).

DALE. There was a family of this name at Cley.

DAVID (Davy ?), W. (E2). Probably W. Davy, Mayor of Norwich 1659.

DAVY, Jehosaphat (E2). Was afterwards Mayor of Norwich 1678.

DAVY, John (F1). Was afterwards Mayor of Lynn in 1687.

\*DE GREY, Jas. (A4). Of Merton; died 1665. Brother of Sir Rob. de Grey, who had been knighted by Charles I. in 1641.

Edmd. de Grey, of Merton, was the Royalist Compounder.

DENNY, Edwd. (A3). Probably a relation of Wm. Denny, M.P. for Norwich 1620-5.

DOUGHTY, Tho. (B3). He was on the Committee for Compounding (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 314). A Thos. Doughty had been Sheriff of Norwich in 1609. Wm. Doughty was Mayor of Lynn 1633-40. His portrait is in the Guildhall at Norwich.

\*DOYLY, Wm. (A2). Sir Wm. Doyly was member of the Associated Counties Committee of 1643, was M.P. for Norfolk in 1654, and was one of the excluded, or non-approved, M.P.'s in 1656. At the



Restoration he was one of the M.P.'s who were appointed by the House to see the Army disbanded 1661, and one of those chosen by the City of Norwich to wait on the King when they resigned their Charter to James I. For this he was created a baronet in 1663. He died 1677.

DRURY, Anthony (A3). Sir Anthony Drury had been High Sheriff in 1617.

DRURY, Robt. (A5). He was a Royalist Compounder (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 318).

DYNN, Robt. (E3). Probably of the family of that name at Heydon.

EARLE, John (A4). Of Heydon. Had been High Sheriff in 1653. Erasmus Earle was a member of the Associated Counties Committee in 1643. M.P. for Norwich in 1647, and High Sheriff in 1689.

He was elected M.P. for the City 16 Charles I., but not allowed to sit (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 398).

FISHER, John (A5). Was a Royalist of Wisbech (see Composition Papers in R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 318).

FROMANTEEL, Daniel (G1). He or one of his name was afterwards Sheriff of Norwich in 1718 and Mayor 1725.

FUTTER, W. (A4).	} This family was of Thomson College, Thuxton and Barnham Broom.
" W. (E1).	
" W. (H1).	

GAMBELL, Wm. (H2). He was of Downham and had been a Royalist. A prisoner in 1655.

GARDNER, Fras. (C3). Sheriff of Norwich 1680 and Mayor 1685.

GOODWYN, Laurence (B2). Sheriff of Norwich 1682; turned out by James II. in 1687. Mayor 1697.

GREENE, Thos. (B3). Mayor of Lynn in 1654 and again in 1674, when he died. The other signatories of the name of Greene may have been connected with John Greene, of Wilby, who was High Sheriff in 1682.

GREENWOOD, Hy. (C2). Possibly a relation of the John Greenwood who was Sheriff of Norwich and on the Committee of the Associated Counties in 1643, and deputed to seize the houses of malignants, and one of those who were deputed to demolish superstitions, images, glass, etc. (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 389).





Sir Ralph Hare, Bart, of Stow Bardolph, Norfolk.  
M. P. for the County, and for Lynn. ob.1671.



\*GUYBON, Tho. (A2). Sir Thos. Guybon, of Thursford, was High Sheriff in 1642.

GUYBON, Wm. (A2). His son, who was also of Thursford.

HALL, John (B3). Sheriff of Norwich 1693. Possibly some relation of Bishop Joseph Hall.

HAMOND, Ro. (A3). The family was decidedly Royalist. Capt. Hamond, of Ellingham, a Royalist, was prisoner in 1655, and John Hamond, a Royalist Compounder. A John Hamond was Mayor of Lynn in 1673.

HARDY, Leonard (H1). } Probably related to Richd. Hardy, who was a  
 ,, Jeremy (C2). } Royalist Compounder.

\*HARE, Ra. (A3). Sir Ralph Hare, of Stow Bardolf, was created baronet in 1641; High Sheriff in 1650, M.P. for Norfolk 1654, 1656, and 1661, and for Lynn 1660. Was one of the excluded, or non-approved, members of Parliament of 1656, and died 1671.

He married Vere, the sister of Horatio D. Townshend, one of the promoters of the Address.

HARTSTONGUE, Finch (C2). Was son of Hy. Hartstong, of Mulbarton, by Joyce Finch.

HARWOOD, John (C2). Possibly ancestor of Thos. Harwood, Mayor of Norwich 1728 and 1746.

HASTINGS, John (F2). Perhaps connected with Martin Hastings, of Hindringham, who was on the Committee as to Scandalous Ministers in 1654.

HAVETT, Abraham (B3). Disclaimed arms at Norwich in 1664.

HAWKE, John (E1). Probably of a Norwich family, one of his name had been Town Clerk there in 1442-6.

HERNE, Robt. (A5). Also probably of Norwich, where Sir Thos. Herne was M.P. in 1625 and a Hy. Herne Mayor in 1673.

\*HEWITT, Sir Wm. (B1). Of Breccles. Died 1667.

\*HOBART, J. (A3). Sir John Hobart, of Blickling, was a very prominent Roundhead. The signer was his father—also Sir John—who died 1647. Proposed Knight of the Royal Oak. M.P. for Norfolk in 1654 to 1659. On Committee as to Scandalous Ministers 1654. He was one of the three promoters of the Address. His uncle, Sir John Hobart, of Blickling, had been High Sheriff in 1633.

Sir Miles Hobart was also on the 1643 Committee, and he and Sir John were sequestrators in 1643.

One of the family, Edwd. (? Edmund) Hobart Hubbert, of Holt, was a Royalist and a prisoner in 1655. He died 1666. Wm. Hobart, his brother, was once also a Royalist, but betrayed the Rev. W. Cooper, a minister of Holt, in 1650, in respect of the abortive insurrection, and was deservedly hanged the same year.

Sir Hy. Hobart was killed in a duel by Oliver le Neve in 1698.

HOLBEY (? error for Holly) (C1).

\*HOLMES, Robt. Sheriff of Norwich 1646; died 1662. This name is given on the Broad Sheet, but not in the present Address.

HOVELL, W. (A3). Sir Wm. Hovell was M.P. for Lynn 1661, the year after the Petition, so presumably was a Royalist. He was the son of Sir Richard Hovell, who defended Lynn in 1643 under Sir Hamon le Strange.

HOVILE, John. This name occurs in the printed Broad Sheet, but not in the MS. Address.

HUNSTON, Tho. (A2). Perhaps the Thos. Hunston, of Walpole, who married Ann Cave (see "Visitation of Norfolk" (Harleian Society), p. 167).

HUNT, Tho. (A4). Possibly Thos. Hunt, of Hilverston.

\*JAY, Christ. (B1). An ardent Royalist. Sheriff of Norwich 1653 and Mayor 1657; M.P. 1661. He died 1688.

JAY, John (A4). Of Holverston. Was on the Associated Counties Committee of 1643. High Sheriff in 1678.

\*JAY, Suckl. (A4). Suckling Jay, of Holverston, occurs in the list of Norfolk Gentry 1673; died 1677.

\*JENNEY, Arthur (A2). Sir Arthur Jenney was of Knotteshall, in Suffolk, in 1654, and of Heigham, near Norwich. He had been High Sheriff in 1655.

JOHNSON, Richd. (F2). A Richd. Johnson, of Stalham, died 1666.

„ Robt. (E3). A Robt. Johnson, of Little Melton, died 1680.

„ Thos. (B1). On the Committee of the Associated Counties 1643. A Royalist Compounder of Yarmouth, Sheriff of Norwich 1651; died 1660. Or he may be either the Thos. Johnson, bailiff of Yarmouth 1624 and 1644, M.P. 1626—or his son Capt. Thos. Johnson, of Yarmouth; died 1673.

KEBLE, Edm. (E3). The family came from the Hundred of Tunstead (see Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 422).

KENDALL, Richd. (A3). Probably from Thetford, where John Kendall was a great Royalist and Mayor in 1660.







Sir Nicholas L'Estrange, Bt. 1632-1669.

KING, George (B3).

KING, Henry (C2). Was on the Committee of the Associated Counties in 1643; was M.P. for Norfolk 1653. — King was on the Compounding Committee (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 315), and in 1654 on the Committee as to Scandalous Ministers.

KING, Tho. (F1). Perhaps the Thos. King, of Lyng, who disclaimed arms in 1664.

\*LAWRENCE, John (B1). He was of Wrampingham. Sheriff of Norwich 1659 and Mayor 1669; died 1681.

\*LE GROS, Tho. (A5). Son of Sir Chas. le Gros, of Crostwight, who had been High Sheriff in 1627.

LE NEVE, Wm. (B2). Sir Wm. le Neve, of Aslacton, was the well-known Norfolk Herald. He appears as a Royalist Compounder, and died of unsound mind in 1661.

L'ESTRANGE, Nich<sup>s</sup>. (A2). Sir Nicholas L'Estrange, 2nd son of Sir Nichs. L'Estrange, Bt., and Anne Lewkenor, of Hunstanton. Born 1632, succeeded his brother, Sir Hamon, as third baronet; married 1656 1st Mary, daughter of John Coke, of Holkham, she died 1661; and 2ndly Elizth., daughter of Sir Justinian Isham, Bt. Appointed D.L. by Horatio Ld. Townshend 1661. Died Dec. 13th, 1669.

L'ESTRANGE, John (A1). 3rd son of Sir Nichs. L'Estrange, Bt., and Anne Lewkenor. Born 1636; married his cousin Dorothy, 2nd daughter of Hamon L'Estrange, of Pakenham, Suffolk. In 1660 was Captain of a Company of Foot under the Earl of Southampton, Ld.-Lieut. of Norfolk. Died 1722.

L'ESTRANGE, William (A5). 4th son of Sir Nichs. L'Estrange and Anne Lewkenor. Born 1639; married Anne, daughter of Henry Bastard, of Dunham. Died 1711.

Sir Hamon died 1654. The celebrated Sir Roger, the pamphleteer, did not sign. Sir Roger was very busy in London writing Broad Sheets and pamphlets.

LEVERINGTON, John (D1). A Wm. Leverington, of Norwich, who came from Kent appears in the 1664 Visitation.

LILLBORNE (?), Geo. (C1). Possibly some connection of Robt. Lilburne, the regicide (1613-65).

LINLEY, Wm. (C3). He was of a Yorkshire family (see the Visitation of 1664). A family of the name were worsted weavers of Norwich.

LINSEY, Edwd. (H1). Perhaps a relative of Matthew Lindsey, Sheriff in 1641, who was on the Associated Counties Committee of 1643 and also on the Sequestration Committee of 1643 (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 385).

LOWE, John (B2). In 1643 one of those appointed to seize the houses of malignants. Afterwards Sheriff of Norwich 1671 and 1683; Mayor 1682.

\*MAN, John (B1). Sheriff of Norwich 1649 and Mayor of Norwich 1653; High Sheriff of Norfolk 1672.

In the Broad Sheet his name is misprinted "Maum." For an account of him, see Walter Rye's "History of the Bethel Hospital," pp. 8-9.

MANSEY, John (G1). Sheriff of Norwich 1662; Mayor 1675.

MARCH, Robt. (A1). Capt. Wm. March, of Lynn, was a Royalist prisoner in 1653. Sent to Yarmouth as prisoner 1655. (See Hillen's "History of the Borough of King's Lynn," vol. i. p. 385.)

MARCON, Matthew (F2). He was one of those who were concerned in the Petition as to the Mayor just before the rebellion of 1645. Sheriff of Norwich 1658; Mayor 1665.

Appointed Alderman in 1662 by the King's Commissioners.

MARTIN, Thos. (B3). { A Richd. Martin, of Attleborough, had been a  
MARTYN, John (A4). { Royalist and prisoner in 1653.

MASON, Edw. (H2). Possibly connected with Wm. Mason, of Necton.

MASON, Will. (C2). High Sheriff in 1697.

METHWOLD, Wm. (A2). Born 1630, and married Catherine Sotherton (see "Norfolk Families," p. 544). His wife's relations also signed (see *post*).

MINGAY, John (A4). The Mingays were a well-known Norwich family, a John Mingay having been Sheriff in 1602 and Mayor in 1617.

MUNDFORD, Hy. (H1). Was on the Committee of the Associated Counties of 1643. No doubt of the Royalist family of which Sir Edm. Mundford, of Wretham (? Wereham), was a Royalist prisoner in 1655 and one of the Compounders (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 320).

NELSON, Brian (C2). He was a haberdasher of Norwich and admitted Freeman in 1661. Thos. Nelson, of Lynn, was Mayor there in 1641. Geo. Nelson signed the Petition as to the Mayor just before the Royalist rebellion of 1645 and was implicated in it.







Sir Joseph Paine, Kt. 1663; Mayor, 1660.

NEVE, Oliver (A3). May either be Oliver Neve of Wichingham, who died 1678, or Oliver (le) Neve, the duellist, who died 1711. It will be remembered he killed Sir Henry Hobart in 1698. (See, as to both, Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," pp. 596-7.)

NEWCE, Tho. (B3). No doubt of the family of that name settled at Rainthorpe.

NEWMAN, Wm., Jr. (H2). May have been the W. Newman, of Baconsthorpe. High Sheriff in 1702.

NEWTON, Thos. (B2). Sheriff of Norwich 1716 and Mayor 1722.

NOCKOLD, Amanuell (C1). A Wm. Nockells (the names are interchangeable) was one of the selected Committee in 1687.

NORGATE, John (C2). Pinmaker and Freeman of Norwich. Ejected from the Council in 1687.

\*NORRIS, Fr. (B3). He was one of those who refused to subscribe to the regaining of Newcastle in 1664. Sheriff of Norwich 1665-6. Ancestor of the Norrises of Witton and of the Earl of Kimberley. Died 1666.

OSBORNE, Edwd., Senr. (B2), and six others of this name signed the Petition, so must have had a great interest in its promotion.

Of them John Osborne (B1) was one of the loyal Aldermen who favoured the King in 1643 and was put out of his office for doing so (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 385). Mayor of Norwich the next year in 1661, and Leonard (C3) Sheriff in 1683.

OUTLAW, Thos. (E1). Probably the Thos. Outlaw who married the daughter of Fras. Corey, of Bramerton, who had been an active Roundhead.

\*PAINE, Joseph, Jr. (B2). Sir Joseph Paine was Sheriff of Norwich in 1654, Mayor of Norwich in the year of the Petition (1660), and was knighted the same year, and had a grant of arms September, 1660. Died 1668. Proposed Knight of the Royal Oak. His portrait is in the Council Chamber. (See PAYNE, ADRIAN.)

*PALGRAVE, J. (A1).	{	Sir John Palgrave, Bart., so created in 1641,
<i>or</i>		was an active Roundhead and served on
PALGRAVE, John (A2).	{	the Committee for the Associated Counties
		in 1643 (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," pp. 291, 315).

He was afterwards elected M.P. for Yarmouth, in 1660, by the Corporation; but the Freemen chose others, and election declared void May 18th.



Thos. Palgrave seems to have been the mysterious stranger in black who fermented the Bethel Riot of 1648.

\*PARMENTER, Adrian. His name appears on the printed Broad Sheet, but not on this Address, and as Adryan Armenter in the latter (B1). Why he should have so signed it is hard to say. In 1662 he was removed from the office of Alderman.

Had been Mayor of Norwich in 1641, and had served on the Committee for the Associated Counties in 1643.

His house was wrecked in the Royalist rebellion at Norwich of 1648. His portrait is in the Guildhall.

PARMENTER, Hy. (H1). }  
 „ Wm. (B1). } These came of a Roundhead family.

Wm. Parmenter (B1) was Sheriff of Norwich, in 1676.

PAYNE, Adrian (B3). Sheriff of Norwich 1670. Bore arms in Visitation of 1664. (See PAINE, JOSEPH.)

PECK, Jas. (?) (A5). The Pecks of Spixworth were Royalists. Thos. Peck had been at Basing House and was a Compounder. (See R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 321.)

PELL, Wm. (A1). Probably the Capt. Wm. Pell whose will is proved 1690. Sir Valentine Pell and John Pell were High Sheriffs in 1644 and 1675. The former was on the Committee of the Associated Counties 1643.

PEPYS, Ed. (A3), Thos. (F2), and Thos. (G3). The last was a worsted weaver of Norwich, admitted 1654.

Edward Pepys may be the Edwd. Pepys, of Broomsthorpe and London, who died 1663, aged 46, who married a Miss Walpole, of Broomsthorpe.

\*PETTUS, Thos. (A5). Sir Thos. Pettus, of Rackheath, High Sheriff 1632, created a baronet 1641 and died 1654, so could not have been the signatory, who was probably his son, the Sir Thos. Pettus, afterwards High Sheriff, who died 1671.

Sir John Pettus (see Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 667) was another, a distinguished Royalist knighted in London 1641, who raised a regiment of horse at his own expense and lost over £2,000 in the Royal cause.

PIDGON, John (H2). Probably the John Pigeon son of another John (see Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 672).



Sir Thomas Pettus, Bart  
of Rackheath, Norfolk, High Sheriff of the County, 1632.





PLAYFORD, John (E3). Perhaps the John Playford, of Binton, who married Agnes Pepys (see Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 677).

PORLAND, Hy. (A1). Hy. Porland, of Warham, had a grant or confirmation of arms in 1664.

PORTER, J. (A5). Possibly of Lynn, where Elias Porter had been Mayor in 1647.

PRESTON, I. (A4). Isaac Preston was bailiff of Yarmouth in 1653. He was on the Committee as to Scandalous Ministers in 1654.

PYCROFT, John (B3). { There is said to have been some connection between Monck, Duke of Albemarle, to  
 PYCROFT, Joshua (D1). { whom the Petition was addressed, and the Pycroft family.

His niece, Martha Beck, married John Pycroft, but he cannot have been the signatory, for he was not born till 1662. (See Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 702.)

RANDALL, W. (A3). Probably Wm. Randell, Under-Sheriff in 1664 (see Visitation of that year). He could not have been the rich Yarmouth one of that name (see Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 711), as he was not born till 1664.

\*RANT, Thos. (A4). Sir Thos. Rant was of Surrey House, Norwich, was knighted on the Restoration, and M.P. for Norwich in 1660; died 1671.

RANT, Wm. (A1). There were two persons of the name of Wm. Rant, nephews of the last—W. Rant, of Yelverton, died 1683, and Wm. (afterwards Sir Wm.), of Thorpe Market, died 1711.

\*RAWLEY, John, { He was son of Robt. Rawley, of Cley, and Sheriff  
 or RAYLEY. { of Norwich in 1642 and Mayor in 1643.

When Sheriff he carried £110 of the proposition money to Cambridge for its fortification, and had six men with carbines to guard him. He was also one of those deputed to seize the houses of malignants 1643. He died 1673.

His name occurs in the printed Broad Sheet next to Parmenter and Burmans, but not on the present list, which looks as though these three came in and signed at the last moment.

\*RICHARDSON, T. (A2). He cannot have been the Thos. Richardson who was hanged at Fakenham in 1650 for conspiracy, and no doubt was the Thos. Richardson, Baron Cramond, M.P. for Norfolk

1660-1, made Alderman of Norwich in 1662 as one of the King's Commissioners (see Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 734). He was one of the three promoters of the Address, and his name stands first in the printed Address. He died 1674, aged 47, and is buried at Honingham.

ROBINS, John (B2). A John Robins was bailiff of Yarmouth in 1637.

ROOKWOOD, Wm. (A2). Probably the Wm. Rookwood who married — Doyley, of Shottesham. It will be remembered Sir Wm. Doily also signed the Petition (see *ante*).

RUDD, Thos. (C3). Thos. Rudd was admitted Freeman of Norwich in 1653, and may be the man of his name who is the first one of the Bramerton Rudds' pedigree (see Walter Rye's "Norfolk Families," p. 755).

RYCHARDSON, T. See Richardson, T.

SALMON, Mathew (F1). This is a Shelford family.

\*SALTER, John (B1). A John Salter was Sheriff of Norwich in 1639 one of the Committee of the Associated Counties in 1643, and Mayor of Norwich in 1655. In 1664 he refused to give anything towards the subscription for regaining the town of Newcastle-on-Tyne. In 1654 Nicholas Salter was on the Committee as to Scandalous Ministers.

SCAMLER, John (B1). J. Scambler was on the Committee for Compounding for Norfolk (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 315).

SCOTT, Thos. (G2). Of Lynn. Was on the Committee as to Scandalous Ministers in 1654.

SHARDELOWE, Hy. (A2). A Hy. Shardelowe was Sheriff of Norwich 1710.

SHELDRAKE, Wm. (B3). This name was at Thetford when John Sheldrake was Mayor in 1632.

\*SMYTH, Sam. (A4). A Roundhead, and on the Associated Counties Committee of 1643. He was Recorder of Norwich in 1648.

\*SOTHERTON, Aug. (A2). } Sir A. Sotherton, of Taverham, died 1662.  
SOTHERTON, John (C2). } These were members of a Roundhead  
SOTHERTON, John (G3). } family.

Thos. Sotherton was one of the 1643 Committee for the Associated Counties, M.P. (one of those deputed to seize the houses







The Right Hon. Horatio Viscount Townshend.  
Lord Lieutenant of Norfolk. 1660.

of malignants) in 1643, and was one of the excluded, or non-approved, members of Parliament in 1656. His son-in-law, Wm. Methwold, also signed (see *ante*).

SOTHERTON, Matthew (D1). He had been Sheriff in 1637.

SPELMAN, Roger (A3). John Spelman was on the 1643 Committee.

SPENDLOVE, John (B1). One of his name was Sheriff in 1614, but this seems too early. He is probably the Prebendary of Norwich who married Elizth. Suckling, and died 1666.

\*SUCKLING, Robt. (A2). Of Woodton. Was made High Sheriff in 1661, so may be presumed to have been a Royalist. Called Col. Suckling in his will; died 1689. He had married Anne, daughter of Sir Thos. Wodehouse; and secondly, Margt., daughter of Sir Wm. D'Oyley, of Shottesham.

SYDNOR, Hy. (B2). Was made Sheriff of Norwich in 1661; probably for the same reason.

SYMONDS, Jas. (F2). Was made bailiff of Yarmouth in 1661; probably for the same reason.

SYMONDS, Wm. (D2). Was on the Committee for Associated Counties of 1643.

THACKER, Matthew (B1(2)).	} Probably of the family of John Thacker, Mayor of Norwich 1643 and a member of the Committee of the Associated Counties of the same year.
THACKER, Robert (C3).	
THACKER Thos. (E2).	

Thos. was Sheriff of Norwich in 1663 and Mayor in 1671, and probably the Mr. Thacker deputed to seize the houses of malignants in 1643.

Peter Thacker was Clerk and general receiver of the Sequestrating Committees (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 385).

TODD, Jon. (A3). A John Todd was Sheriff of Norwich in 1675.

TOFFEN, John (C1). This may be an error for John Toft, or Tofts (Senr.), who was one of the Committee of 1664 against superstitions and images and of 1654 as to Scandalous Ministers.

TOOKE, Will. (G2). This name is often spelt Tuck, and a Mr. Tuck was Sheriff of Norwich in 1650.

TOWNSHEND, H. (A4).	} "Mr. Townsend," of Wretham, was a Royalist prisoner in 1655.
TOWNSHEND, Sampson (D1).	
TOWNSHEND, Thos. (A4).	

There can be little doubt that it was Sir Horatio Townshend who signed the present Address, and whose portrait is in the



Guildhall; died 1660. He is said to have intended to take active measures to surprise Lynn in 1659, but probably retired, and in conjunction with Lord Richardson and Sir John Hobart brought in an Address from the County of Norfolk, which he presented on Jan. 28th, 1659, praying that the secluded members should be admitted or a Free Parliament chosen. "This forwarded the arrival of General Monck, and most counties in England followed the example and delivered Addresses to the same purpose" ("Collins' Peerage," vol. ii. p. 463). This, of course, must not be confounded with the present Address.

\*TRACY, John (A4). Probably the Sir John Tracey, of Stanhoe, whose daughter and co-heiress married Butts Bacon, who also signed.

VEER, Peter (H1). Was probably a kinsman of Lord Townshend through his mother, daughter of Sir Horatio Vere.

WALPOLE, Edwd. (A3). M.P. for Lynn 1660-1. He died 1667-8.

WARD, John (D1). A man of this name was Sheriff of Norwich in 1618 and Mayor in 1694. A Jeffrey Ward, Mayor of Yarmouth, was displaced in 1661.

WARD, Ra. (A5). Possibly relation of Hamon Ward, who was on the Committee of the Associated Counties 1643.

\*WATTS, Hy., Sen. (B1). Sheriff of Norwich in 1639, active for the Parliament in the fortification of the City in 1642 (see F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 313). Appointed Alderman of the King's Commissioners in 1662, Mayor 1646; died 1669. Another of the name was Sheriff in 1664 and Mayor in 1674.

\*WENMAN, Richd. (B2). Sheriff in 1646, Mayor 1662; burned to death by accident 1677. Probably the Mr. Wenham active for the Parliament in the City in 1642. (See F. Blomefield's "History of Norfolk," vol. iii. p. 383.)

WESTHORPE, J. (G2). Sheriff in 1681.

WHARTON, John (D1). Probably the Capt. Wharton, of Lynn, a Royalist prisoner in 1655.

WILLIAMSON, Anthony (A1).	{	Possibly related to Sir Joseph Williamson, M.P. for Thetford 1669, and Recorder of Thetford 1682.
WILLIAMSON, Owen (C3).		

\*WINDHAM, John (A2). Of the Felbrigg family of Windham. Thos. had been High Sheriff in 1639, and another, Thos. (?), a Compounding Cavalier.



\*WISSE, Thos. (B1). Sheriff of Norwich 1659. Appointed Alderman at Restoration, Mayor 1667; died 1702.

WOOD, Fr. (G2). A Robt. Woode, Junr., was a Compounding Cavalier

\*WOODHOUSE, Philip (A3). Sir Philip Woodhouse, Bart., was one of the excluded, or non-approved, M.P.'s of 1656, and died 1681. He was M.P. for Thetford in the Parliament which was restored by Charles II. in 1660. His father, Sir Thos. Woodhouse, Bart., had been M.P. for Thetford 1639 and 1640; a Roundhead Sequestrator in 1643. He had been High Sheriff in 1643, and died 1651.

WOODHOUSE, Thos. (E3). Sir Thos. was son of Sir Philip, who was knighted 1666, and died 1671.

WOODS, Hy. (A3). Appointed Alderman by the King's Commissioners 1661; Mayor of Norwich 1666.

A Robt. Woods had been on the Associated Counties Committee in 1643.

WRIGHT, John (G1). Possibly, but not probably, the John Wright Mayor of Thetford 1701.

WRIGHT, Thos. (E1, F2). One of the name was on the Associated Counties Committee of 1643.

Thomas Wright, of Kilverstone, was one of the proposed Knights of the Royal Oak (see R. H. Mason's "History of Norfolk," p. 327).

A Thos. Wright was Recorder of Thetford in 1629. It is noticeable that no less than eight of this name signed the Address.



# List of Books on the Civil War Period in the Norwich Public Library.

## GENERAL.

- \* *Angliæ ruina* ; or, Englands ruine, represented in the barbarous, and sacrilegious outrages of the Sectaries of this Kingdome, committed upon the lives, consciences and estates of all his Maj: loyal subjects in generall; but more particularly upon the churches, colledges, clergie, and scholars of the same. (*n.p.*) 1647.  
Bound with this volume is "Querela Cantabrigiensis, or a remonstrance by way of apologie for the banished members of the late flourishing university of Cambridge," 1647.
- \* BLACK, WILLIAM H., Editor. Docquets of Letters Patent and other instruments passed under the Great Seal of King Charles I. at Oxford in the years 1642, 1643, 1644, 1645 and 1646. [London]. 1837.
- BLOMEFIELD, FRANCIS. Essay towards a topographical history of the County of Norfolk. iiv. London. 1805-1810.
- \* BOHUN, EDMUND. Diary and autobiography ; with an introductory memoir, notes, and illustrations, by S. Wilton Rix. Beccles. 1853.  
Edmund Bohun was a voluminous political and miscellaneous writer in the latter part of the seventeenth century.
- BRITISH MUSEUM. Catalogue of the pamphlets, books, newspapers, and manuscripts relating to the Civil War, the Commonwealth, and Restoration, collected by George Thomason, 1640-1661. 2v. London. 1908.
- BURNET, GILBERT, Bishop. History of his own time [1660-1713]. 1838.
- CALENDAR OF STATE PAPERS. Domestic series, of the reign of Charles I.; edited by J. Bruce, W. D. Hamilton, and S. C. Lomas. 22v. 1858-1897.
- Domestic series, during the Commonwealth; edited by M. A. E. Green. 12v. 1875-1886.
- Committee for the advance of money, 1642-1646; edited by M. A. E. Green. 3v. 1888.
- Committee for Compounding, etc., 1643-1660; edited by M. A. E. Green. 5v. 1889-1892.
- Domestic series, of the reign of Charles II.; edited by M. A. E. Green and F. H. B. Daniell. 4v. 1860-1866.
- \*CAMDEN SOCIETY. Charles I. in 1646: Letters of King Charles the First to Queen Henrietta Maria. Edited by John Bruce. 1856.
- \* ——— Narratives illustrative of the contests in Ireland in 1641 and 1690; edited by T. C. Croker. London. 1841.
- \* ——— Trevelyan Papers, Part II., 1446-1643; edited by J. Payne Collier. London. 1863.
- \* ——— Verney Papers: notes of proceedings in the Long Parliament, temp. Charles I.; edited by J. Bruce. London. 1845.
- \* CLARENDON, EDWARD HYDE, First Earl of. History of the Rebellion and Civil Wars in England; to which is added an historical view of the affairs of Ireland. 6v. Oxford. 1819.
- \* Collection of all the publicke orders ordinances and declarations of both Houses of Parliament, from the ninth of March 1642 untill December 1646, together with severall of his Majesties proclamations and other papers printed at Oxford. London. 1646.
- CORBETT, JULIAN. Monk. (English men of action.) London. 1889.



- \* DEFOE, DANIEL. *Memoirs of a Cavalier; or, a military journal of the Wars in Germany, and the Wars in England, from the year 1632 to the year 1648.*  
A copy of the second edition, published at Leeds in (?) 1750. In the preface the publisher identifies Andrew Newport (1623-99) as the author, but this identification is regarded as impossible, and the work is usually attributed to Daniel Defoe.
- DICTIONARY OF NATIONAL BIOGRAPHY, vol. 38: George Monck, first Duke of Albemarle, by C. H. Firth, pp. 147-162.
- ENGLISH GARNER. *Stuart tracts, 1603-93; with an intro. by C. H. Firth.* 1903.
- \* An exact collection of all remonstrances, declarations, votes, orders, ordinances, proclamations, petitions, messages, answers, and other remarkable passages between the Kings most Excellent Majesty, and his High Court of Parliament, beginning . . . in December 1641 and continued untill March the 21, 1643. London. 1643.
- \* FAIRFAX, SIR THOMAS. *The Fairfax correspondence: memoirs of the reign of Charles the First; edited by George W. Johnson.* 2v. London. 1848.
- \* ———. *Memorials of the civil war: comprising the correspondence of the Fairfax family with the most distinguished personages engaged in that memorable contest, forming the concluding volumes of the Fairfax correspondence; edited by R. Bell.* 2v. London. 1849.
- FIGGIS, J. N. *English history illustrated from original sources, 1660-1715.* Illus. 1902.
- FIRTH, C. H. *Last years of the protectorate, 1656-58.* 2v. 1909.  
A continuation of S. R. Gardiner's *History of the Commonwealth and Protectorate.*
- \* FORSTER, JOHN. *Arrest of the five members by Charles the First.* London. 1860.
- \* ———. *The debates on the Grand Remonstrance, November and December, 1641; with an introductory essay on English freedom under Plantagenet and Tudor sovereigns.* London. 1860.
- \* GARDINER, SAMUEL RAWSON. *History of the Commonwealth and Protectorate, 1649-1660.* 3v. London. 1894-1901.
- GARDINER, MRS. S. R. *The struggle against absolute monarchy. (Epochs of English history.)*
- GLASS, H. A. *Barbone parliament, and the religious movements of the seventeenth century culminating in the protectorate system of church government.* 1899.
- GOODWIN, JOHN. *Anti-Cavalierisme: truth pleading as well the necessity as the lawfulness of this present warre for the suppressing of that butcherly brood of cavaliering incendiaries who are now hammering England to make an Ireland of it.* London. 1643.
- \* GUIZOT, F. P. G. *History of Richard Cromwell and the Restoration of Charles II.; trans. by A. R. Scoble.* 2v. London. 1856.
- . *Monk and Washington: Historical studies.* London. 1851.
- \* *His Majesties Commission granted to Mr. George le Strange, for the betraying Lyn to the enemy. Also, a true relation of the discovery of the plot.*  
Reprint of a tract published in 1644.
- \* *History of King-killers; or, the 30th of January commemorated.* London. 1719.
- HUTCHINSON, MRS. LUCY. *Memoirs of the life of Colonel Hutchinson, Governor of Nottingham Castle and town; with original anecdotes of many of the most distinguished of his contemporaries, and a summary review of public affairs.* London. 1806.
- JESSE, J. H. *Memoirs of the court of England during the reign of the Stuarts, including the Protectorate.* 4v. 1840-46.
- \* KINGSTON, ALFRED. *East Anglia and the great Civil war: the rising of Cromwell's ironsides in the associated counties of Cambridge, Huntingdon, Lincoln, Norfolk, Suffolk, Essex and Hertford.* London. 1897.
- KITCHIN, GEORGE. *Sir Roger L'Estrange: contribution to the history of the press in the seventeenth century.* 1913.  
A full biography of the Tory journalist and pamphleteer (born at Hunstanton, 1616, and died 1704), who was appointed surveyor of the printing presses, and licenser of the press in 1663.
- LE STRANGE, HAMON. *Norfolk official lists from the earliest period to the present day.* Norwich. 1890.
- \* LLOYD, D. *Memoires of the lives, actions, sufferings and deaths of those noble, reverend, and excellent personages that suffered by death, sequestration, decimation, or otherwise for the Protestant religion . . . in our late intestine wars from the year 1637 to the year 1660, and from thence continued to 1666; with the life and martyrdom of King Charles I.* London. 1668.

- LODGE, RICHARD. History of England from the restoration to the death of William III., 1660-1702. London. 1910.  
Vol. 8 of the *Political History of England*; edited by W. Hunt and R. L. Poole.
- \*MASERES, FRANCIS, Editor. Select tracts relating to the Civil Wars in England, in the reign of King Charles the First. 2v. London. 1815.  
CONTENTS.—Breviary of the history of the Parliament of England, by Thomas May, 1655. Several observations on the life and death of King Charles I., by W. Lilly, 1657. Memoirs of Denzil, Lord Holles, from 1641 to 1648, first printed in 1699. Relations and observations, historical and politick, upon the Parliament begun Anno-Dom. 1640, by Clement Walker, 1648. Memoirs of Sir John Berkley, 1699. Sundry reasons inducing Major Robert Huntingdon to lay down his commission, humbly presented to the Honourable Houses of Parliament 1748. Short memorials of Thomas, Lord Fairfax, written by himself, 1699. Behemoth: the history of the causes of the civil wars of England, by Thomas Hobbes. The interest of England stated, 1659. The mystery and method of his Majesty's happy restauration, by John Price, 1680.
- MASON, R. HINDRY. History of Norfolk from original records and other authorities preserved in public and private collections. London. 1884.
- MONTAGUE, F. C. History of England from the accession of James I. to the restoration, 1603-1660. London. 1907.  
Vol. 7 of the *Political History of England*; edited by W. Hunt and R. L. Poole.
- \*NEWCASTLE, MARGARET, DUCHESS OF. Lives of William Cavendish, Duke of Newcastle, and of his wife, Margaret, Duchess of Newcastle; edited by M. A. Lower. London. 1872.
- OGLE, O., and others, Editors. Calendar of the Clarendon State Papers preserved in the Bodleian Library, 1523-1657. 3v. Oxford. 1869-76.
- \*OLDMIXON, JOHN. Clarendon and Whitlock compar'd; to which is occasionally added a comparison between the history of the Rebellion, and other histories of the Civil War. By the author of the Critical History of England. London. 1727.
- \*PEACOCK, EDWARD, Editor. The Army lists of the Roundheads and Cavaliers, containing the names of the officers in the Royal and Parliamentary armies of 1642; second edition. London. 1874.
- \*PEACOCK, M. G. W. An Index of the names of the royalists whose estates were confiscated during the Commonwealth. London. 1879.  
Includes a reprint of the three Confiscation Acts of 1651 and 1652, from Scobell's "Collection of Acts and ordinances of general use, from 3rd of November, 1640, to 17th of September, 1656."
- PIKE, G. HOLDEN. Oliver Cromwell and his times: social, religious, and political life in the seventeenth century. London. 1899.
- \*Poems on affairs of State; from the reign of K. James the First to 1703. Vols. 2-3. (n.p.) 1703.
- \*PYM, JOHN. Mr. Pym his speech on Tuesday the 18th February to the Lords, at a Conference of both Houses, concerning the petition of the Knights and Gentry of the county of Kent. London. 1641.
- \*——— Several propositions presented from the House of Commons to the Lords by Master Pym, at a conference of both Houses. Concerning the causes and remedies of division betwixt the King and his subjects. London. 1642.
- \*——— A speech delivered by Mr. Pym at a conference of both Houses . . . discovering the dangers and miseries the three Kingdoms are liable unto, by reason of his Majesties evill counsellors. London. 1642.
- \*——— A speech delivered in Parliament by a worthy member thereof . . . concerning the grievances of the Kingdome. By J. P. Esquire. London.
- \*——— Two speeches made by John Pymm Esquire; the one after the articles of the charge against the Earle of Strafford were read; the other after the articles of the charge against Sir George Ratcliffe were read. London. 1641.
- RAUMER, FREDERICK VON. Political history of England (1528-1660). 2v. 1837.
- \*RICRAFT, JOSIAH. A Survey of England's champions and truths faithfull patriots; or, a chronologicall recitement of the principall proceedings of the most worthy commanders of the prosperous armies raised for the preservation of religion, the Kings Majesties person, the priviledges of Parliament, and the liberty of the subject, etc  
A reprint of the edition published in 1647. The second title-page reads: "The Civill warres of England briefly related from His Majesties first setting up His Standard 1641 to this present Personall hopefull treaty, with the lively Effigies and Eulogies of the chief commanders," London, 1649, and it is falsely stated therein to have been "collected by John Leycester." This consists of Ricraft's books, "A perfect list of the many Victories obtained (through the Blessing of God) by the Parliaments Forces under the Command of his Excellency Robert, Earl of Essex . . . to the 14th of June 1645," "A perfect List of the many victories obtained through the Blessings of God by the Parliaments Forces under the Command of His Excellency Sir Thomas Fairfax . . . to June, 1646," "A catalogue of the Earles, Lords, Knights, Generals, Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors, Captaines, and Gentlemen of worth and quality slain on the Parliament and Kings side, since the beginning of our uncivil Civil Warres," and "An addition of the late proceedings of the Army to this present."



- \*Rump ; or, an exact collection of the choicest poems and songs relating to the late times. By the most eminent wits, from anno 1639 to anno 1661. [1874].  
Reprint of the edition published in 1662.
- \*RUSHWORTH, JOHN. Historical collections of private passages of state, weighty matters in law, remarkable proceedings in five Parliaments. London.  
The first part, published in 1659, covers the period 1618-29. The second part, published in 2 vols. in 1680, covers the period 1629-40. The third part, published in 2 vols. in 1692, covers the period 1640-44. The Library does not contain the fourth part, published in 1701, covering the period 1645-48.
- \*——— *Another Edition*. Historical collections, abridg'd and improv'd. 6v. 1703-8.  
Covers the period 1618-48.
- RYE, WALTER. Norfolk families. Norwich. 1911-13.
- RYE, WALTER, Editor. State papers relating to musters, beacons, shipmoney, etc., in Norfolk, from 1626 chiefly to the beginning of the civil war. Norwich. 1907.
- \*Sarcastic notices of the Long Parliament : a list of the " Members that held places, both civil and military, contrary to the self-denying ordinances of April 3, 1645 ; with the sums of money and lands which they divided among themselves." Reprinted verbatim from the excessively rare original. London. 1863.  
Reprint of the tract *The Mystery of the Good Old Cause*, published 1660. The reprint has an introduction by J. C. Hotten.
- TAYLOR, W. F., Editor. England under Charles II., 1660-1678. (English history by contemporary writers.)  
Extracts from contemporary records.
- TREVELYAN, G. M. England under the Stuarts. London. 1904.  
Vol. 5 of *History of England*; edited by C. Oman.
- TURNER, DAWSON. Narrative of the visit of His Majesty King Charles the Second to Norwich. 1671. Yarmouth. 1846.
- \*VICARS, JOHN. Jehovah-Jireh : God in the Mount ; or, Englands Parliamentarie-Chronicle. London. 1644.
- WALKER, CLEMENT (THEODORUS VERAX, *pseud.*). The High Court of Justice ; or, Cromwells new slaughter-house in England. . . . Being the III part of the Historie of Independencie, written by the same author. (*n.p.*) 1651.
- \*WARBURTON, ELIOT. Memoirs of Prince Rupert, and the cavaliers, including their private correspondence. 3v. London. 1849.
- \*WILDRIDGE, T. T., Editor. The Hull letters printed from a collection of original documents found among the borough archives in the Town Hall, Hull, 1884. Period : the reign of Charles I. until his imprisonment, 1625-1640. Hull. [1887].

## OLIVER CROMWELL.

- \*BANKS, JOHN. A critical view of the political life of Oliver Cromwell, Lord Protector of the Commonwealth of England, Scotland, and Ireland. By a gentleman of the Middle Temple. Fifth edition. London. 1763.  
——— New edition. London. (*n.d.*)
- BURTON, R., *pseud.* (N. CROUCH). History of Oliver Cromwell, Lord Protector of the Commonwealth of England, Scotland, and Ireland, being an account of all the battles, sieges, and other military achievements, wherein he was engaged, in these three nations and likewise of his civil administrations. By R. B. Third edition. London. 1698.
- \*CARLYLE, THOMAS. Oliver Cromwell's letters and speeches ; with elucidations. 5v. London. 1873.
- \*CROMWELL, THOMAS. Oliver Cromwell and his times ; second edition. London. 1822.
- \*DAWBENY, H. Historie and policie re-viewed, in the heroick transactions of his most serene Highnesse, Oliver, late Lord Protector, from his cradle to his tomb : declaring his steps to princely perfection, as they are drawn in lively parallels to the ascents of the great patriarch Moses, in thirty degrees, to the height of honour. By H. D. Esq. London. 1659.
- DICTIONARY OF NATIONAL BIOGRAPHY, vol. 13 : Oliver Cromwell, by C. H. Firth, pp. 155-186.
- FIRTH, CHARLES. Oliver Cromwell and the rule of the Puritans in England. (Heroes of the nations.) London. 1900.
- \*GARDINER, SAMUEL RAWSON. Cromwell's place in history. London. 1897.
- GUIZOT, F. P. G. History of Oliver Cromwell and the English Commonwealth. 1854.
- \*——— Life of Oliver Cromwell. London. 1860.



- \*HARRIS, WILLIAM. An historical and critical account of the life of Cromwell . . . after the manner of Mr. Bayle, with an appendix of original papers. London. 1762.
- HARRISON, FREDERIC. Oliver Cromwell. (Twelve English statesmen.) London. 1890.
- HAZLITT, WILLIAM. Oliver Cromwell: a biography, compiled from contemporary and other sources. London. 1857.
- \*HORTON, ROBERT F. Oliver Cromwell: a study in personal religion. London. 1897.
- \*MORLEY, JOHN, LORD. Oliver Cromwell. London. 1900.
- \*NOBLE, MARK. Memories of the Protectoral-house of Cromwell . . . collected chiefly from original papers and records. 2v. London. 1787.
- \*PICKTON, J. ALLANSON. Oliver Cromwell: the man and his mission. London. 1882.
- \*ROOSEVELT, THEODORE. Oliver Cromwell. London. 1900.
- \*RUSSELL, M. Life of Oliver Cromwell. 2v. Edinburgh. 1829.
- \*S., J. The perfect politician; or, a full view of the life and actions (military and civil) of O. Cromwel, containing also a history of the late civil war, so far as he was concerned therein. Second edition. London. 1680.
- SEXBY, EDWARD. Killing no murder. In "Famous Pamphlets"; edited by H. Morley. 1886. London.
- \*STEWART, CHARLES EDWARD. Oliver Cromwell; a story of the civil war. 2v. London. 1857.
- TANGYE, SIR RICHARD. The Two protectors: Oliver and Richard Cromwell. London. 1899.
- \*VAUGHAN, ROBERT, Editor. The Protectorate of Oliver Cromwell, and the state of Europe during the early part of the reign of Louis XIV., illustrated in a series of letters between Dr. John Pell, Sir Samuel Morland, Sir William Lockhart, Mr. Secretary Thurloe, and other distinguished men of the time. 2v. London. 1839.
- \*WAYLEN, JAMES. The House of Cromwell and the story of Dunkirk: a genealogical history of the descendants of the Protector, with anecdotes and letters. London. 1891.
- \* ——— New edition revised by J. G. Cromwell. London. 1897.
- \* WILSON, DANIEL. Oliver Cromwell and the Protectorate. London. 1849.

---

\* Presented to the Norwich Public Library by WALTER RYE, Esq.

## List of Subscribers to "An Address from the Gentry of Norwich and Norfolk to General Monck in 1660."

Anderson, G. H., Esq., Fairlight Lodge, King's Lynn.  
 Archer, Harold, Esq., Ely.  
 Athill, Charles H., Esq., M.V.O., Richmond Herald, College of Arms, E.C.  
 Bacon, N. H., Esq., Raveningham Hall.  
 Barnham, Henry G., Esq., Griston Park, Watton.  
 Bedingfield, Sir Henry, Bart., Oxburgh Hall, Stoke Ferry.  
 Bedingfield, Mrs. Philip, Rose Cottage, Heacham.  
 Beloe, Edward M., Esq., 1, Boston Square, Hunstanton.  
 Beloe, Edward Milligen, Esq., King's Lynn.  
 Berney, Henry, Esq., 104, George Street, Croydon.  
 Beverley, Michael, Esq., 54, Prince of Wales Road, Norwich.  
 Boileau, Sir Maurice C., Bart., Ketteringham Park, Wymondham.  
 Clitherow, W. J. Stracey, Esq., 50, Portland Place, London, W.  
 Colman, Russell J., Esq., Crown Point, Norwich.  
 Cordwell, Walter, Esq., 5, Wilderness Terrace, Harleston.  
 Cresswell, Mrs. George, Garden House, Hunstanton.  
 Cubitt, V. Murray, Esq., Normandale, Castle Douglas.  
 Eade, Sir Peter, Norwich.  
 Edwards, W. Mordaunt, Esq., Hardingham Hall.  
 Exeter Public Library (H. Tapley Soper, Esq., City Librarian).  
 Ficklin, P. Berney, Esq., Tasburgh Hall.  
 Foster, Miss B. Le Neve, Dorman's Park, Surrey.  
 Fulton, Sir Forrest, K.B., K.C., The Cottage, Sheringham.  
 Gardiner, —, Esq., The Arcade, Norwich.  
 Guildhall Library, The, ... (Bernard Kettle, Esq., Librarian).  
 Gurney, Sir Eustace, Sprowston Hall, Norwich.  
 Hallam, W. W., Esq., 30, High Street, Lowestoft.  
 Hare, Thos. L., Esq., Stow Hall, Downham Market.  
 Harvey, Colonel, J. R., D.S.O., J.P., Holmwood, Thorpe, Norwich.  
 Highe, Francis G., Esq., Castleacre, Swaffham.  
 Hobart-Hampden, Major The Hon. Horace Miles, Chalgrove, 97, Cheriton Road W.,  
     Folkestone.  
 Hooper, William, Esq., Glens Mount, Sutton, Surrey.  
 Hopper, Rev. Edmund C., Starston Rectory.  
 Horner, Francis, Esq., The Lawns, Thorpe Hamlet, Norwich.  
 Howes, Charles J. A., Esq., 36, Havelock Road, Norwich.  
 Ingleby, Holcombe, Esq., Sedgeford Hall.  
 King, Alfred S., Esq., Eaton Road, Norwich.  
 Larking, Charles, Esq., Commercial Chambers, Norwich.  
 Lee-Warner, Henry, Esq., Walsingham Abbey.  
 Mitchell Library, The, North Street, Glasgow (F. T. Barrett, Esq.).  
 Norgate, P., Esq., Swanington, Norwich.  
 Oddy, John G., Esq., The Lodge, Holt.  
 Orford, The Right Hon. the Earl of, Wolterton Park.  
 Peck, Rev. Chas. W., M.A., Mount Street, Diss.  
 Pollard, John E. T., Esq., 17, Prince of Wales Road, Norwich.  
 Preston, Theodore I., Esq., 16, St. John's Park, Blackheath, London, S.E.  
 Ranson, Albert, Esq., The Arcade, Norwich.  
 Robinson, Lionel, Esq., Old Buckenham Hall.  
 Rylands Library, The John, Manchester (H. Guppy, Esq.).  
 Self, Mrs. Alice, "Arlington," Arlington Lane, Newmarket Road, Norwich.  
 Shorting, Ernest H. H., Esq., Broseley, Shropshire.  
 Singh, H.H. Prince Frederick Duleep, Blo' Norton Hall, Thetford.  
 Suffield, Lord, Mayfield, Addlestone, Surrey.  
 Waller, Mrs. Jamesina, Hunstanton North.  
 Willett, Miss, Carlton Lodge, Ipswich Road, Norwich.  
 Yarmouth Free Public Library, The Great.

Right Hon<sup>ble</sup>  
Hons:

Wee the County of the County of Norfolk and of the County  
and City of Norwich doo ordinally receive into many, is  
others of these Counties and of the Nation for yo<sup>r</sup> Excellency  
returne into yo<sup>r</sup> native County with honour and safety  
and that the late differences in the County are now so  
happily composed without bloodshed and ~~dispute~~ dispute  
to give us good food for these matters and to augment  
your good hope that we have signified the Parliament  
of our Statutes to the Speaker of the Parliament a  
true Copy whereof we have hitherto intended not to  
your Excellency least any person should in our absence  
imagine out us or our Substitutes who not

yo<sup>r</sup> Excellencies

W<sup>th</sup> humble and  
obedient servants















Robert Wainwright  
Edward Diller  
William Howard  
North King  
William Bullard

John Brinkman

Elijah Brett Thomas  
Miss J. E.

John Brinkman

William Doolay

Robert Robinson

Amos Weston

Matthew Harding

John Toffen

Olivia Barclay

John L. Smith

Thomas Alfordman

Edward Smith

Hugh Edwards

William Doolay

Robert Smith

Robert Smith

George L. Smith

Thomas Alfordman

Robert Smith

George L. Smith

William Alfordman

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith

John L. Smith





Jonathan Snowdon  
Joseph Southey

Thos Barker  
: son: A. Rham:

11<sup>th</sup> of Chesham  
John: Kington

William Russell

Martin Morley

Henry Epygate

George James

W. A. Buller

Dr. J. R. Bull

W. L. Clark

John Wheeler

Samuel Tompkins

John Ward

John Woods

Anthony Mann

John Warr

George Greville

John Harper

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.

John C. C. C.































DA Norfolk, Eng. (County) Gentry  
670 An address from the gentry  
N6N67 of Norfolk and Norwich to  
1913 General Monck in 1660

**PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE  
CARDS OR SLIPS FROM THIS POCKET**

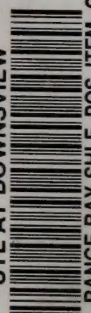
---

**UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LIBRARY**

---



UTL AT DOWNSVIEW



D RANGE BAY SHLF POS ITEM C  
39 14 28 16 08 010 0